

Indicator business rules

Identifying and definitional attributes

<i>Metadata item type:</i>	Indicator
<i>Indicator type:</i>	Indicator
<i>Common name:</i>	A short or common name or designation by which the indicator is known and might be identified.
<i>Short name:</i>	A short name the Indicator is known by.
<i>Synonymous names:</i>	A synonymous name the Indicator is known by.
<i>METeOR identifier:</i>	399166
<i>Registration status:</i>	<i>No registration status</i>
<i>Description:</i>	A short statistical description of an indicator. Values include percentage, count, proportion, mean (average), and percentile.
<i>Rationale:</i>	A designation or description of the application environment or discipline in which an indicator is applied or from which it originates, as well as a justification for inclusion of the indicator.
<i>Indicator set:</i>	Indicator set business rules <i>No registration status</i>
<i>Outcome area:</i>	Outcome area business rules <i>No registration status</i>
<i>Quality statement:</i>	Quality statement business rules <i>No registration status</i>

Collection and usage attributes

<i>Population group age from:</i>	Contextual information about a subgroup of people of interest, such as the provision of health and welfare services are delivered in context of economic, social and cultural populations. Specifically, denotes the age at which investigation commences.
<i>Population group age to:</i>	Contextual information about a subgroup of people of interest, such as the provision of health and welfare services are delivered in context of economic, social and cultural populations. Specifically, denotes the age at which investigation ceases.
<i>Computation description:</i>	The plain text description of the formulae used to calculate an indicator.
<i>Computation:</i>	A group of symbols that make a formal mathematical statement.
<i>Numerator:</i>	A description of the number above the line in a fraction showing how many of the parts indicated by the denominator are taken. The numerator may also be used to represent a count, rather than a fractional representation. In this case the denominator should be left blank.
<i>Numerator data elements:</i>	Data Element / Data Set Data Element Wherein a data element has not been attached in the Data element/ Data set field the user can include a description of the intended data element in the field labelled data element description if no data element attached. This may be necessary if the intended data element does not exist yet, or is still in development. Data Element / Data Set Data element business rules Data Source ABS 2001 National Health Survey (NHS) NMDS / DSS Data set specification business rules
<i>Denominator:</i>	A description of the number below the line in a fraction.
<i>Denominator data elements:</i>	Data Element / Data Set Data element business rules Data Source ABS 2006 Census of Population and Housing

NMDS / DSS

Data set specification business rules

Guide for use

The collection methods/guide for use includes information such as the methods of data collection including census, sample survey, and administrative by-product.

Data Element / Data Set

Data Element

Wherein a data element has not been attached in the Data element/ Data set field the user can include a description of the intended data element in the field labelled data element description if no data element attached. This may be necessary if the intended data element does not exist yet, or is still in development.

Disaggregation:

Disaggregation description field.

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

Data Element

Wherein a data element has not been attached in the Data element/ Data set field the user can include a description of the intended data element in the field labelled data element description if no data element attached. This may be necessary if the intended data element does not exist yet, or is still in development.

Data Element / Data Set

Data element business rules

NMDS / DSS

Data set specification business rules

Comments:

Any additional information that adds to the understanding of the metadata item.

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Ratio

Data type:

Real

Unit of measure:

Person

Format:

A template for the presentation of values, including specification and layout of permitted characters, the maximum and minimum size, and precision.

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

ABS 2001 National Health Survey (NHS)

Frequency

Every three years

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Data Source

ABS 2006 Census of Population and Housing

Frequency

Every 5 years

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Methodology:

The detailed description of the formulae used to calculate an indicator.

Formulae:

A group of symbols that make a formal mathematical statement.

Reporting requirements:

The agreement arrangements under which the Indicator is reportable.

Organisation responsible for providing data:	An organisation which provides data for an Indicator.
Accountability:	Responsible organisation/s for developing, collecting and reporting data for indicators.
Benchmark:	A standard, or point of reference, against which things can be compared, assessed, measured or judged.
International comparison:	A statement or indication of similarities and differences relating to an indicator between Australia and other countries.
Further data development / collection required:	Describes whether the data specifications for an indicator are interim or long term. Planned data development such as changes to definitions and methodology indicate the indicator is an interim specification.
Other issues caveats:	Any additional information required to interpret the data, or any other issues or caveats which does not fit in the other fields in the template.
Release date:	19/03/2010

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	The following information is applicable to all metadata items.
	Definition
	One or more organisations responsible for the submission of the metadata item for national endorsement as a standard.
	Obligation
	Mandatory completion.
	Development rules
	State the complete and official organisation title at the time of submission for each organisation responsible for the submission of the metadata item.
	Abbreviations and symbols should only be used when they are part of the official organisation title.
	Conclude and separate each organisation name with a new line (without a full-stop).
Steward:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
Origin:	The following information is applicable metadata items except value domains.
	Definition
	Any document(s) (including web-sites), organisations or committees from which any content of the metadata item originates.
	Obligation
	Conditional completion: complete for metadata items that are based on content outside of METeOR.
	Development rules
	List the full reference for all in-text references cited in the body of that metadata item.
	Conclude and separate each reference with a new line (without a full-stop).
	References should comply with the following referencing guidelines:

In-text references

In-text citations should follow one of the following formats:

[Left bracket+] Author [+space +] year of publication [+right bracket + page number(s) if applicable] Author [+space + left bracket +] year of publication [+right bracket+ page number(s) if applicable]

When citing a classification scheme or other document which is better known by a short title, use the short title for the in-text citation e.g. ICD-10-AM 3rd edition.

The short, formal title of a piece of legislation should be cited exactly, in full, and in italics, followed by the jurisdiction (abbreviated and enclosed in parentheses) e.g. Health Insurance Act 1973 (Cwlth).

Reference documents:

The following information is applicable to all metadata items except value domains.

Definition

Significant documents that contributed to the development of the metadata item which were not the direct source for the metadata content.

Obligation

Conditional completion: complete for metadata items that were developed in consultation with a document outside of METeOR.

Development rules

Conclude and separate each reference with a new line (without a full-stop).

References should comply with the following referencing guidelines:

In-text references

In-text citations should follow one of the following formats:

[Left bracket+] Author [+space +] year of publication [+right bracket + page number(s) if applicable] Author [+space + left bracket +] year of publication [+right bracket+ page number(s) if applicable]

When citing a classification scheme or other document which is better known by a short title, use the short title for the in-text citation e.g. ICD-10-AM 3rd edition.

The short, formal title of a piece of legislation should be cited exactly, in full, and in italics, followed by the jurisdiction (abbreviated and enclosed in parentheses) e.g. Health Insurance Act 1973 (Cwlth).

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Has been superseded by Indicator BR2 *No registration status*

Has been superseded by Indicator business rules *No registration status*

See also Indicator business rules *No registration status*

Supersedes Indicator business rules *No registration status*