

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Product of birth—primary cause of perinatal death, code (PSANZ perinatal death classification v5.0) [N]N.N[NNN]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: PSANZ perinatal death code

Synonymous names: PSANZ-PDC code

METEOR identifier: 795124

Registration status: Health, Recorded 26/06/2024

Definition: The single most important factor which led to the chain of events which resulted in

the death of a product of birth, as represented by a PSANZ perinatal death code.

Data Element Concept: Product of birth—primary cause of perinatal death

Value Domain: Perinatal death code (PSANZ Perinatal Death Classification v5.0) [N]N.N[NNN]

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Perinatal Society of Australia and New Zealand Perinatal Death Classification

version 5.0

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: [N]N.N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 6

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: PSANZ (Perinatal Society of Australia and New Zealand) 2024. PSANZ

classification system for stillbirths and neonatal deaths, version 5.0, February 2024.

Viewed 26 June 2024, https://learn.stillbirthcre.org.au/wp-

content/uploads/2024/04/Appendix-7F-PSANZ-Classification-System-for-

Stillbirths-and-Neonatal-Deaths-v5-1.pdf

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This element is to be collected for all deaths that occur in the perinatal period. In

cases of neonatal death (i.e. where <u>Product of birth—perinatal death type, code N</u> is recorded as CODE 2 "Neonatal death") additional information should be recorded in <u>Product of birth—primary cause of neonatal death, code (PSANZ</u>

neonatal death classification v5.0) [N]N.N[NN].

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: PSANZ (Perinatal Society of Australia and New Zealand) 2024. PSANZ

classification system for stillbirths and neonatal deaths, version 5.0, February 2024.

Viewed 26 June 2024, https://learn.stillbirthcre.org.au/wp-

content/uploads/2024/04/Appendix-7F-PSANZ-Classification-System-for-

Stillbirths-and-Neonatal-Deaths-v5-1.pdf

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Product of birth—primary cause of perinatal death, PSANZ Perinatal

<u>Death Classification code [N]N.N[NNN]</u> <u>Health</u>, Standard 07/02/2023

See also Product of birth—primary cause of neonatal death, code (PSANZ

neonatal death classification v5.0) [N]N.N[NN]

Health, Recorded 26/06/2024