

# **Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Clinical Care Standard: 7a- Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s) who received uterine-preserving procedural alternatives to hysterectomy**

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# Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Clinical Care Standard: 7a-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s) who received uterine-preserving procedural alternatives to hysterectomy

## Identifying and definitional attributes

<b>Metadata item type:</b>	Indicator
<b>Indicator type:</b>	Indicator
<b>Short name:</b>	7a-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s) who received uterine-preserving procedural alternatives to hysterectomy
<b>METEOR identifier:</b>	788546
<b>Registration status:</b>	<a href="#">Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 12/06/2024</a>
<b>Description:</b>	Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s) who received uterine-preserving procedural alternatives to hysterectomy.
<b>Indicator set:</b>	<a href="#">Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Clinical Care Standard 2024</a> <a href="#">Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 12/06/2024</a>

## Collection and usage attributes

<b>Computation description:</b>	Both the numerator and the denominator exclude: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Patients undergoing further investigations to exclude malignancy and/or other significant pathology, and</li><li>• Patients with confirmed malignancy or hyperplasia.</li></ul> <p>For the numerator, 'uterine-preserving procedural alternatives to hysterectomy' includes endometrial ablation, hysteroscopic resection, myomectomy or uterine artery embolisation. Insertion of intrauterine devices is not included in the numerator.</p> <p>Presented as a percentage.</p>
<b>Computation:</b>	$(\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator}) \times 100$
<b>Numerator:</b>	Number of patients who received uterine-preserving alternatives to hysterectomy for heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s).
<b>Denominator:</b>	Number of patients diagnosed with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s).
<b>Comments:</b>	The expected result for this indicator is not 100%. These procedures are not suitable for all women and some women may choose not to have a procedure when offered.

## Representational attributes

<b>Representation class:</b>	Percentage
<b>Data type:</b>	Real
<b>Unit of measure:</b>	Service event
<b>Format:</b>	N[NN]

## Accountability attributes

<b>Reporting requirements:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Organisation responsible for providing data:</b>	Not applicable

**Accountability:** Safety and quality monitoring and improvement, as part of the clinical care standard

**Other issues caveats:** Applicable settings: Public and private specialist gynaecology clinics and practices, and public and private hospitals.

**Release date:** 13/06/2024

## Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:** Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care