Hospital service—care type, tasmanian private hospital admission type code NN

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# Hospital service—care type, tasmanian private hospital admission type code NN

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| Identifying and definitional attributes | |
| Metadata item type: | Data Element |
| Short name: | Care type |
| Synonymous names: | Admission type |
| METEOR identifier: | 786731 |
| Registration status: | [Tasmanian Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/15), Standard 20/11/2023 |
| Definition: | The overall nature of a clinical service provided to an admitted patient during an episode of care (admitted care), or the type of service provided by the hospital for boarders or [**posthumous organ procurement**](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/711000) (care other than admitted care), as represented by a code. |
| Data Element Concept: | [Hospital service—care type](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/510083) |
| Value Domain: | [Tasmanian private hospital admission type code NN](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/786728) |

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| Value domain attributes | | |
| Representational attributes | | |
| Representation class: | Code | |
| Data type: | Number | |
| Format: | NN | |
| Maximum character length: | 2 | |
|  | **Value** | **Meaning** |
| Permissible values: | 01 | Acute incl qual newborn |
|  | 02 | Geriatric evaluation and management |
|  | 03 | Palliative care |
|  | 04 | Psychogeriatric |
|  | 05 | Rehabilitation |
|  | 06 | Nursing home type |
|  | 07 | Social |
|  | 08 | Respite |
|  | 09 | Non-acute (exclude NHT, Social, Respite) |
|  | 10 | Neonate (unqualified) |
|  | 11 | Boarder |
|  | 12 | Mental health care |
|  | 13 | Organ procurement (posthumous) |
|  | 99 | Other |

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| Collection and usage attributes | |
| Guide for use: | CODE 01 Acute incl qual newborn  Acute care is care in which the clinical intent or treatment goal is to:   * manage labour (obstetric) * cure illness or provide definitive treatment of injury * perform surgery * relieve symptoms of illness or injury (excluding palliative care) * reduce severity of an illness or injury * protect against exacerbation and/or complication of an illness and/or injury which could threaten life or normal function * perform diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.   A newborn can be allocated an care type of Acute incl qual newborn if the newborn is nine days old or less and meets at least one of the following criteria:   * the newborn is the second or subsequent live born infant of a multiple birth; or * the newborn is admitted to a special care facility in a hospital, being a facility approved by the Australian Government Health Minister for the purpose of the provision of special care (i.e. a 'special care nursery'): or * the newborn is in hospital without its mother.   Excludes unqualified neonate and psychiatric/mental health.    CODE 02 Geriatric evaluation and management  Geriatric evaluation and management is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is improvement in the functioning of a patient with multi-dimensional needs associated with medical conditions related to ageing, such as tendency to fall, incontinence, reduced mobility and cognitive impairment. The patient may also have complex psychosocial problems.  Geriatric evaluation and management is always:   * delivered under the management of or informed by a clinician with specialised expertise in geriatric evaluation and management, and * evidenced by an individualised multidisciplinary management plan, which is documented in the patient's medical record that covers the physical, psychological, emotional and social needs of the patient and includes negotiated goals within indicative time frames and formal assessment of functional ability, and or * undergoing assessment by ACAT.   Geriatric evaluation and management excludes care which meets the definition of mental health care.    CODE 03 Palliative care  Palliative care is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is optimisation of the quality of life of a patient with an active and advanced life-limiting illness. The patient will have complex physical, psychosocial and/or spiritual needs.  Palliative care is always:   * delivered under the management of or informed by a clinician with specialised expertise in palliative care, and * evidenced by an individualised multidisciplinary assessment and management plan, which is documented in the patient's medical record, that covers the physical, psychological, emotional, social and spiritual needs of the patient and negotiated goals.   Palliative care excludes care which meets the definition of mental health care.    CODE 04 Psychogeriatric  Psychogeriatric care is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is improvement in the functional status, behaviour and/or quality of life for an older patient with significant psychiatric or behavioural disturbance, caused by mental illness, an age-related organic brain impairment or a physical condition.  Psychogeriatric care is always:   * delivered under the management of or informed by a clinician with specialised expertise in psychogeriatric care, and * evidenced by an individualised multidisciplinary management plan, which is documented in the patient's medical record, that covers the physical, psychological, emotional and social needs of the patient and includes negotiated goals within indicative time frames and formal assessment of functional ability.   Psychogeriatric care is not applicable if the primary focus of care is acute symptom control.  Psychogeriatric care excludes care which meets the definition of mental health care.    CODE 05 Rehabilitation  Rehabilitation care is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is improvement in the functioning of a patient with an impairment, activity limitation or participation restriction due to a health condition. The patient will be capable of actively participating.  Rehabilitation care is always:   * delivered under the management of or informed by a clinician with specialised expertise in rehabilitation, and * evidenced by an individualised multidisciplinary management plan, which is documented in the patient’s medical record, that includes negotiated goals within specified time frames and formal assessment of functional ability.   Rehabilitation care excludes care which meets the definition of mental health care.    CODE 06 Nursing home type  Patients whose care needs could have been adequately met by placement in a nursing home facility, but for whom a bed in such a facility is not available.    CODE 07 Social  These are patients who would not normally require hospitalisation, but due to factors in the home environment have been admitted as an interim measure. Includes unplanned respite.  Examples may include:   * Admission due to carer illness or fatigue. * The carer becoming unavailable at short notice. * Urgent closure of care facility.     CODE 08 Respite  Respite is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is support for a patient with impairment, activity limitation or participation restriction due to a health condition. Respite care is planned and booked and the sole reason for admission is the care normally provided in the persons usual residence by a relative or guardian is not available in the short term.  Examples may include:   * Planned respite due to carer unavailability. * Short term closure of care facility. * Short term unavailability of community services.     CODE 09 Non-acute (excluding NHT, social, respite)  Other maintenance is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal, following assessment or treatment, the patient does not require further complex assessment or stablilisation and is to maintain the patient's lower level care while waiting other services.  Excludes nursing home type, social, respite.    CODE 10 Neonate (unqualified)  To be used when the patient is born in hospital or is nine days old or less and doesn't meet at least one to be considered an admission as an Acute incl qual newborn care type at the time of admission and do not require clinical care. Neonate admission type continues until the care type changes or the patient is separated. The following points should be noted:   * Patients who turn 10 days of age and do not require clinical care are separated and, if they remain in the hospital, are designated as boarders. * Patients who turn 10 days of age and require clinical care continue in a neonate episode of care until separated. * Patients aged less than 10 days and not admitted at birth (eg transferred from another hospital) are either boarders or admitted with an acute care type. * Patients aged greater than 9 days not previously admitted (eg transferred from another hospital) are either boarders or admitted with an acute care type. * A neonate is qualified when it meets at least one of the criteria detailed in newborn qualification status.      CODE 11 Boarder   * Admission for a person (usually a carer or relative) accompanying the patient. * Hospital boarder is a person who is receiving food and/or accommodation but for whom the hospital does not accept responsibility for treatment and/or care. * As boarders receive no formal care or treatment they are therefore not considered admitted patients. However, boarders are within the scope of the Tasmanian activity based funding model and are required for costing purposes as hospital resources are allotted to their supervision. Therefore hospitals are required to register and record (‘admitted’) such persons on the hospital Patient Admission System.  Hotel services such as meals and a bed/chair must be provided.     CODE 12 Psychiatric/Mental Health Care  Mental health care is care in which the primary clinical purpose or treatment goal is improvement in the symptoms and/or psychosocial, environmental and physical functioning related to a patient’s mental disorder. Mental health care:   * is delivered under the management of, or regularly informed by, a clinician with specialised expertise in mental health; * is evidenced by an individualised formal mental health assessment and the implementation of a documented mental health plan; and * may include significant psychosocial components, including family and carer support.     CODE 13 Organ procurement (posthumous)   * Organ procurement - posthumous is the procurement of human tissue for the purpose of transplantation from a donor who has been declared brain dead. * Diagnoses and procedures undertaken during this activity, including mechanical ventilation and tissue procurement, should be recorded in accordance with the relevant ICD-10-AM Australian Coding Standards. These patients are not admitted to the hospital but are registered by the hospital on the Patient Admission System.     CODE 99 Other  Other admitted patient care is care where the principal clinical intent does not meet the criteria for any of the above but should not be used except for persons accepted to the Transition Care Program.  A patient can only enter a Transitional Care Program immediately on discharge from their Acute or Subacute episode of care. Can ca be delivered in either a residential or community setting. |

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| Source and reference attributes | |
| Submitting organisation: | Tasmanian Health |

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| Data element attributes | |
| Source and reference attributes | |
| Submitting organisation: | Tasmanian Health |
| Relational attributes | |
| Implementation in Data Set Specifications: | [Admitted patient care admission related data elements (TDLU) cluster (Private Hospitals)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/786779)  [Tasmanian Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/15), Standard 20/11/2023  ***Implementation start date:*** 01/07/2023  ***Implementation end date:*** 30/06/2025 |