



© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl21a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk assessment result within a specified level, June 2023

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator

Indicator type: Output measure

Short name: Pl21a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular

disease (CVD) risk assessment result within a specified level, June 2023

METEOR identifier: 782725

Registration status: Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024

Description: Number of <u>Indigenous regular clients</u>, aged 35 to 74 and with no known history

of cardiovascular disease (CVD), who had an absolute CVD risk assessment recorded within the previous 24 months and whose CVD risk was categorised as

one of the following:

• High (greater than 15% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years)

• Moderate (10–15% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years)

• Low (less than 10% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years).

Rationale: Early identification of persons at high CVD risk is important for effective prevention

and management of the underlying disease. This is particularly the case for

Indigenous Australians because of their poor CVD outcomes.

Since a number of risk factors contribute to the development of CVD in a cumulative fashion, using two or more risk factors to assess risk has greater predictive power and is more accurate than considering each risk factor separately. Multiple risk factor analysis provides a better base on which to make

management decisions to improve health outcomes.

Indicator set: Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators June

2023

Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024

Outcome area: Indigenous Australians achieve health outcomes comparable to the broader

<u>population</u>

Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age

35 years.

from:

Population group age to: 74 years.

Computation description:

Count of Indigenous regular clients, aged 35 to 74 and with no known history of cardiovascular disease (CVD), who had an absolute CVD risk assessment recorded within the previous 24 months and whose CVD risk was categorised as one of the following:

- High (greater than 15% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years)
- Moderate (10–15% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years)
- Low (less than 10% chance of a cardiovascular event in the next 5 years).

Presented as a number.

Absolute CVD risk assessment – refers to a risk assessment performed with the National Vascular Disease Prevention Alliance (NVDPA) absolute cardiovascular disease risk calculator. Where the Central Australian Rural Practitioners Association (CARPA) CVD risk assessment calculator is used, 5% is to be deducted from the reported result.

Computation:

Numerator only.

Numerator:

Calculation A: Number of Indigenous regular clients, aged 35 to 74 and with no known history of cardiovascular disease (CVD), who had an absolute CVD risk assessment recorded within the previous 24 months with risk assessed as high (greater than 15% over the next 5 years).

Calculation B: Number of Indigenous regular clients, aged 35 to 74 and with no known history of cardiovascular disease (CVD), who had an absolute CVD risk assessment recorded within the previous 24 months with risk assessed as moderate (10–15% over the next 5 years).

Calculation C: Number of Indigenous regular clients, aged 35 to 74 and with no known history of cardiovascular disease (CVD), who had an absolute CVD risk assessment recorded within the previous 24 months with risk assessed as low (less than 10% over the next 5 years).

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—age, total years N[NN]

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Aged 35-74 only.

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—cardiovascular disease recorded indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Only include 'no' responses, i.e., those persons who do not have a cardiovascular disease recorded on their clinical record.

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—Indigenous status, code N

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Indigenous only.

Data Element / Data Set-

<u>Person—absolute cardiovascular disease risk assessment result categories, code N</u>

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—absolute cardiovascular disease risk assessment result recorded indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Absolute cardiovascular disease risk assessment result recorded only.

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Regular clients only.

Disaggregation:

- 1. Sex
- a) Male
- b) Female.
- 2. Age group:
- a) 35-44 years
- b) 45-54 years
- c) 55–64 years d) 65–74 years.
- Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

Person—age, total years N[NN]

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Aged 35-74 only.

Data Element / Data Set

Person—sex, code X

Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Male and female only.

Comments: Census date for reporting is 30 June 2023.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Count

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Person

Format: N[N(6)]

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Effective/Appropriate/Efficient

Data source attributes

Data sources:

─Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

Frequency

6 monthly

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements: Funding agreements between the Department of Health and Aged Care (DoHAC)

and the organisations funded under the Indigenous Australians' Health Programme

(IAHP).

Organisation responsible

for providing data:

Indigenous-specific primary health care organisations or maternal and child health programs/services funded by the DoHAC under its IAHP, referred to as **funded**

organisations.

Accountability: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare/Department of Health and Aged Care

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI21a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk

regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular disease (CVD) his

assessment result within a specified level, December 2022

Indigenous, Superseded 18/12/2023

Has been superseded by <u>First Nations-specific primary health care</u>: <u>Pl21a-Number of First Nations regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk assessment result within a specified level, December 2023</u>

Indigenous, Superseded 27/04/2024

See also <u>Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI21b-Proportion of Indigenous</u> regular clients who have an absolute cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk

assessment result within a specified level, June 2023

Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024