# Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, June 2023

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

# Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, June 2023

# Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Output measure
Short name:	Pl06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, June 2023
METEOR identifier:	782653
Registration status:	Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024
Description:	<ul> <li>Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c) measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12 months, was categorised as one of the following:</li> <li>less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)</li> <li>greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)</li> <li>greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol) or</li> <li>greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).</li> </ul>
Rationale:	Chronic diseases, such as diabetes, are a major cause of morbidity and mortality among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. Monitoring HbA1c levels plays a key role in the management of the disease.
Indicator set:	Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators June 2023 Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024

## Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	Count of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12 months, was categorised as one of the following:
	<ul> <li>less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)</li> <li>greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)</li> <li>greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 00 mmol/mol but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 00 mmol/mol but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 00 mmol/mol but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 00 mmol/mol but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 00 mmol/mol</li></ul>
	<ul><li>86 mmol/mol) or</li><li>greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol)</li></ul>
	Presented as a number.
	Exclude type 1 diabetes, secondary diabetes, gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM), previous GDM, impaired fasting glucose, impaired glucose tolerance.
	Calculated separately for each HbA1c range, for each time period.
	Include only the most recent HbA1c measurement result from each time period.
Computation:	Numerator only

Calculation A: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation B: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation C: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation D: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation E: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation F: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation G: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation H: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

#### Data Element / Data Set

Person-diabetes mellitus status, code NN

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

#### NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Type 2 diabetes only.

#### - Data Element / Data Set-

Person-Indigenous status, code N

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Indigenous only.

#### Data Element / Data Set

Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

#### NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

Guide for use

Regular clients only.

#### -Data Element / Data Set

#### Person-glycated haemoglobin level, code N

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

#### NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023

#### Guide for use

Response to this is conditional on responding 'yes' to having had an HbA1c measurement result recorded within either the previous 6 or 12 months.

Disaggregation:	1. Sex: a) Male b) Female.
	2. Age group: a) 0–4 years b) 5–14 years c) 15–24 years d) 25–34 years e) 35–44 years f) 45–54 years g) 55–64 years h) 65 years and over.
Disaggregation data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—age, total years N[NN]
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—sex, code X
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS June 2023
	Guide for use
	Male and female only.
_	

### Comments:

Census date for reporting is 30 June 2023.

# **Representational attributes**

Representation class:	Count
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person
Format:	N[N(6)]

# Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and	Effective/Appropriate/Efficient
dimensions:	

### **Data source attributes**

#### -Data Source-

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

Frequency

6 monthly

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

### Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements:	Funding agreements between the Department of Health and Aged Care (DoHAC) and the organisations funded under the Indigenous Australians' Health Programme (IAHP).
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Indigenous-specific primary health care organisations or maternal and child health programs/services funded by the DoHAC under its IAHP, referred to as <u>funded</u> <u>organisations</u> .
Accountability:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare/Department of Health and Aged Care

### Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

# **Relational attributes**

Related metadata references:	Supersedes Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2022 Indigenous, Superseded 18/12/2023
	Has been superseded by <u>First Nations-specific primary health care: Pl06a-Number</u> of First Nations regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2023 Indigenous, Standard 25/02/2024
	See also Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06b-Proportion of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, June 2023 Indigenous, Superseded 25/02/2024