

Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI25a- Number of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections, December 2022

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI25a- Number of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections, December 2022

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Output measure
Short name:	PI25a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections (STI), December 2022
METEOR identifier:	779154
Registration status:	Indigenous , Superseded 18/12/2023
Description:	Number of Indigenous regular clients aged 15–34 who were tested for one or more sexually transmissible infections (STIs) (chlamydia and/or gonorrhoea) within the previous 12 months.
Rationale:	<p>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are at higher risk of contracting STIs and blood born viruses (BBVs), particularly if living in remote and very remote communities.</p> <p>Best Practice Guidelines recommend that Indigenous Australians be screened for chlamydia and gonorrhoea annually.</p> <p>An increase in the number of people tested annually for STIs will identify asymptomatic infections. Early detection, if the STI is treated, will reduce the time a person is infectious and therefore assist in reducing transmission rates. It will also reduce the likelihood of complications or adverse outcomes to the individual.</p>
Indicator set:	Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators December 2022 Indigenous , Superseded 18/12/2023

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from:	15 years.
Population group age to:	34 years.
Computation description:	<p>Count of Indigenous regular clients who were tested for one or more STIs (chlamydia and/or gonorrhoea) within the previous 12 months.</p> <p>Presented as a number.</p> <p>Count is of people, not tests.</p> <p>Consider only the most recent test.</p> <p>Consider only tests where the result is recorded in the Clinical Information System (CIS). Do not include tests that have been requested but a result has not been recorded.</p> <p>Include test results copied to providers.</p> <p>Include point of care tests.</p> <p>Include all relevant test types.</p>
Computation:	Numerator only.
Numerator:	Number of Indigenous regular clients aged 15–34 who were tested for chlamydia and/or gonorrhoea within the previous 12 months.

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Guide for use

Aged 15–34 only.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Guide for use

Indigenous only.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—chlamydia test result recorded indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—gonorrhoea test result recorded indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Guide for use

Regular clients only.

Disaggregation:

1. Sex:
 - a) Male
 - b) Female.
2. Age group:
 - a) 15–19 years
 - b) 20–24 years
 - c) 25–29 years
 - d) 30–34 years.

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Guide for use

Aged 15–34 only.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—sex, code X](#)

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2022](#)

Guide for use

Male and female only.

Comments:

Census date for reporting is 31 December 2022.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Count
Data type: Real
Unit of measure: Person
Format: N[N(6)]

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions: [Effective/Appropriate/Efficient](#)

Data source attributes

Data sources:

Data Source

[Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

Frequency

6 monthly

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements: Funding agreements between the Department of Health and Aged Care (DHAC) and the organisations funded under the Indigenous Australians' Health Programme (IAHP).

Organisation responsible for providing data: Indigenous-specific primary health care organisations or maternal and child health programs/services funded by the DHAC under its IAHP, referred to as [funded organisations](#).

Accountability: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare/Department of Health and Aged Care

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes [Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI25a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections, June 2022](#)
[Indigenous](#), Superseded 27/08/2023

Has been superseded by [Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI25a-Number of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections, June 2023](#)
[Indigenous](#), Superseded 25/02/2024

See also [Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI25b-Proportion of Indigenous regular clients who have a test for one or more sexually transmissible infections, December 2022](#)
[Indigenous](#), Superseded 18/12/2023