Stillbirth Clinical Care Standard: 3c- Proportion of women who gave birth who reported from 28 weeks gestation that they knew how to monitor their fetal movements and what to do if they were concerned about a change in their fetal movements

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# Stillbirth Clinical Care Standard: 3c- Proportion of women who gave birth who reported from 28 weeks gestation that they knew how to monitor their fetal movements and what to do if they were concerned about a change in their fetal movements

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| Identifying and definitional attributes | |
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | 3c- Proportion of women who gave birth who reported from 28 weeks gestation that they knew how to monitor their fetal movements and what to do if they were concerned about a change in their fetal movements |
| METEOR identifier: | 766650 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 04/11/2022 |
| Description: | Proportion of women who gave birth who reported from 28 weeks gestation that they knew how to monitor their fetal movements and what to do if they were concerned about a change in their fetal movements. |
| Indicator set: | [Stillbirth Clinical Care Standard](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/766607)  [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 04/11/2022 |

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| Collection and usage attributes | |
| Computation description: | Knowledge can be assessed through the teach-back, also called the show-me method, or a local questionnaire. The outcome of any assessment of understanding should be documented in the medical record.  Presented as a percentage. |
| Computation: | (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100 |
| Numerator: | The number of women in the denominator who reported they knew how to monitor their fetal movements and what to do if they were concerned about a change in their fetal movements. |
| Denominator: | The number of women who gave birth from 28 weeks gestation. |
| Comments: | This indicator is based on an indicator from the Safer Baby Bundle. Further details about the Safer Baby Bundle can be found at [https​​​:​​​/​​​/stillbirthcre​​​.org​​​.au​​​/wp​​​-content​​​/uploads​​​/2021​​​/03​​​/SBB​​​-Handbook​​​\_Final​​​-1​​​.pdf](https://stillbirthcre.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/SBB-Handbook_Final-1.pdf) |
| Representational attributes | |
| Representation class: | Percentage |
| Data type: | Real |
| Unit of measure: | Service event |
| Format: | N[NN] |
| Accountability attributes | |
| Reporting requirements: | These indicators are for local quality improvement. Monitoring the implementation of the Stillbirth Clinical Care Standard (ACSQHC, 2022) will assist in meeting some of the requirements of the National Safety and Quality Health Service Standards (ACSQHC, 2021). |
| Organisation responsible for providing data: | Not applicable |
| Accountability: | Not applicable |
| Other issues caveats: | Applicable settings: Primary care settings and hospitals where maternity care is provided. |
| Release date: | 05/11/2022 |
| Source and reference attributes | |
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Reference documents: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care. Stillbirth Clinical Care Standard. Sydney: ACSQHC; 2022.  Centre of Research Excellence Stillbirth. Safer Baby Bundle Handbook and Resource Guide: Working together to reduce stillbirth. Queensland: Centre of Research Excellence Stillbirth; 2019. |