Low Back Pain Clinical Care Standard: 1b-Proportion of patients with acute low back pain with the findings from both their clinical assessment and screening for specific or serious underlying pathology documented in their medical record

Exported from METEOR

(AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website’s material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

# Low Back Pain Clinical Care Standard: 1b-Proportion of patients with acute low back pain with the findings from both their clinical assessment and screening for specific or serious underlying pathology documented in their medical record

|  |
| --- |
| Identifying and definitional attributes |
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | 1b-Proportion of patients with acute low back pain with the findings from both their clinical assessment and screening for specific or serious underlying pathology documented in their medical record |
| METEOR identifier: | 759579 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 01/09/2022 |
| Description: | Proportion of patients with acute low back pain with the findings from both their clinical assessment and screening for specific or serious underlying pathology documented in their medical record. |
| Indicator set: | [Clinical care standard indicators: Low back pain](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/755790)        [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 01/09/2022 |

|  |
| --- |
| Collection and usage attributes |
| Population group age from: | 16 years of age |
| Computation description: | Presented as a percentage. |
| Computation: | (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100​ |
| Numerator: | Number of patients from the denominator with the findings from both their clinical assessment and screening for specific or serious underlying pathology documented in their medical record. |
| Denominator: | Number of patients with acute low back pain. |
| Representational attributes |
| Representation class: | Percentage |
| Data type: | Real |
| Unit of measure: | Service event |
| Format: | N[NN] |
| Accountability attributes |
| Reporting requirements: | Not applicable |
| Organisation responsible for providing data: | Not applicable |
| Accountability: | These indicators are for local quality improvement. Monitoring the implementation of the Low Back Pain Clinical Care Standard (ACSQHC, 2022) will assist in meeting some of the requirements of the National Safety and Quality Health Service Standards (ACSQHC, 2021). |
| Other issues caveats: | Applicable settings: Public and private hospital emergency departments and primary care settings where care is provided to patients with low back pain (including general practice). |
| Release date: | 01/09/2022 |
| Source and reference attributes |
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Reference documents: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care. Low Back Pain Clinical Care Standard. Sydney: ACSQHC; 2022 |