Delirium clinical care standard indicators: 8a-Proportion of patients with current or resolved delirium who had an individualised comprehensive care plan on discharge



© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Delirium clinical care standard indicators: 8a-Proportion of patients with current or resolved delirium who had an individualised comprehensive care plan on discharge

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

Short name: 8a-Proportion of patients with current or resolved delirium who had an

individualised comprehensive care plan on discharge

METEOR identifier: 745829

Registration status: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 09/09/2021

Description: Proportion of patients with current or resolved delirium who had an individualised

comprehensive care plan on discharge.

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: delirium 2021

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard

09/09/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: Both the numerator and the denominator include patients with delirium that is

current or resolved at the time of discharge from hospital. Identify patients with delirium using the ICD codes specified in the <u>Hospital-Acquired Complications</u> (HACs) List - Specifications, worksheet 1, where complication group = 11.

Delirium.

For a patient to be included in the numerator their individualised comprehensive care plan needs to be developed collaboratively with the patient and their carer. It should be documented, and include all of the following:

- · A description of the patient's diagnoses
- The patient's goals of care
- Current list of medicines and the conditions for which they are prescribed
- Any other medicines that have been discontinued and the reasons for discontinuing them
- Any ongoing treatments that the patient needs for delirium and any other health conditions
- Strategies that can reduce the patient's risk of delirium, or prevent complications from it
- A plan for review by a specialist clinic, specialist or primary healthcare provider within 10 days of discharge, and
- Any community support services that the patient is referred to.

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

Numerator: The number of patients with current or resolved delirium who had an individualised

comprehensive care plan on discharge.

Denominator: The number of patients with current or resolved delirium.

Comments: This indicator is based on the Ontario Senior Friendly Hospital Strategy Delirium

and Functional Decline Indicators (Wong et al, 2012).

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type:RealUnit of measure:PersonFormat:N[NN]

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care. Delirium Clinical

Care Standard. Sydney: ACSQHC; 2021.

Wong K, Tsang A, Liu B & Schwartz R. The Ontario Senior Friendly Hospital Strategy Delirium and Functional Decline Indicators. Toronto: Ontario Local Health

Integration Network; 2012.