

Person—area of usual residence, local government area (LGA) code (ASGS 2016) N(5)

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Person—area of usual residence, local government area (LGA) code (ASGS 2016) N(5)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Local government areas (LGA)
METEOR identifier:	743486
Registration status:	Tasmanian Health , Standard 04/05/2021
Definition:	The geographical region in which a person or group of people usually reside, as represented by a Local Government Area (LGA) code.
Data Element Concept:	Person—area of usual residence
Value Domain:	Local Government Area (LGA) code (ASGS 2016) N(5)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme:	Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2016
Representation class:	Code
Data type:	String
Format:	N(5)
Maximum character length:	5

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	LGA coding structure: A LGA is identifiable by a 5-digit code. The LGA identifier is a 4-digit code preceded by the state/territory identifier. A LGA code is only unique within a state/territory if it is preceded by the state/territory identifier.
-----------------------	--

For example:

State/territory	LGA
N	NNNN

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Department of Health Tasmania
Origin:	Australian Bureau of Statistics 2016. Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas July 2016 . ABS cat. no. 1270.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The geographical location is reported using an five digit numerical code to indicate the LGA within the reporting state or territory, as defined in the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Department of Health Tasmania

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2016. [Australian Statistical Geography Standard \(ASGS\): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas July 2016](#). ABS cat. no. 1270.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications: [Mother geographical data elements \(TDLU\) cluster](#)
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 17/11/2023

Implementation start date: 01/07/2023

Implementation end date: 30/06/2025

[Person geographic data elements \(TDLU\) cluster](#)
[Tasmanian Health](#), Superseded 10/11/2023

[Person geographic data elements \(TDLU\) cluster](#)
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 10/11/2023

Implementation start date: 01/07/2023

Implementation end date: 30/06/2025