

# Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06a- Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020

## Identifying and definitional attributes

<b>Metadata item type:</b>	Indicator
<b>Indicator type:</b>	Output measure
<b>Short name:</b>	PI06a-Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020
<b>METEOR identifier:</b>	739351
<b>Registration status:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Indigenous</a>, Standard 14/07/2021</li></ul>
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Number of <a href="#">Indigenous regular clients</a> with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12 months, was categorised as one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)</li><li>• greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)</li><li>• greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol) or</li><li>• greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).</li></ul>
<b>Rationale:</b>	Chronic diseases, such as diabetes, are a major cause of morbidity and mortality among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. Monitoring glycosylated haemoglobin (HbA1c) levels plays a key role in the management of the disease.
<b>Indicator set:</b>	<a href="#">Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators December 2020</a> <a href="#">Indigenous</a> , Standard 14/07/2021

## Collection and usage attributes

<b>Computation description:</b>	<p>Count of <a href="#">Indigenous regular clients</a> with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within either the previous 6 months or 12 months, was categorised as one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol)</li><li>• greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol)</li><li>• greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol) or</li><li>• greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol)</li></ul> <p>Presented as a number.</p> <p>Exclude type 1 diabetes, secondary diabetes, gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM), previous GDM, impaired fasting glucose, impaired glucose tolerance.</p> <p>Calculated separately for each HbA1c range, for each time period.</p> <p>Include only the most recent HbA1c measurement result from each time period.</p>
<b>Computation:</b>	Numerator only

**Numerator:**

Calculation A: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation B: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation C: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation D: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation E: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was less than or equal to 7% (less than or equal to 53 mmol/mol).

Calculation F: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 7% but less than or equal to 8% (greater than 53 mmol/mol but less than or equal to 64 mmol/mol).

Calculation G: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than 8% but less than 10% (greater than 64 mmol/mol but less than 86 mmol/mol).

Calculation H: Number of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result, recorded within the previous 12 months, was greater than or equal to 10% (greater than or equal to 86 mmol/mol).

**Numerator data elements:**

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN](#)

**Data Source**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

**NMDS / DSS**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020](#)

**Guide for use**

Type 2 diabetes only.

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—glycosylated haemoglobin level, code N](#)

**Data Source**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

**NMDS / DSS**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020](#)

**Guide for use**

Response to this is conditional on responding 'yes' to having had an HbA1c measurement result recorded within either the previous 6 or 12 months.

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

**Data Source**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

**NMDS / DSS**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020](#)

**Guide for use**

Indigenous only.

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

**Data Source**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

**NMDS / DSS**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020](#)

**Guide for use**

Regular clients only.

- Disaggregation:**
1. Sex:
    - a) Male
    - b) Female
  2. Age group:
    - a) 0–4 years
    - b) 5–14 years
    - c) 15–24 years
    - d) 25–34 years
    - e) 35–44 years
    - f) 45–54 years
    - g) 55–64 years
    - h) 65 years and over.

**Disaggregation data elements:**

<p><b>Data Element / Data Set</b></p> <p><a href="#">Person—age, total years N[NN]</a></p> <p><b>Data Source</b></p> <p><a href="#">Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection</a></p> <p><b>NMDS / DSS</b></p> <p><a href="#">Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020</a></p>
<p><b>Data Element / Data Set</b></p> <p><a href="#">Person—sex, code X</a></p> <p><b>Data Source</b></p> <p><a href="#">Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection</a></p> <p><b>NMDS / DSS</b></p> <p><a href="#">Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020</a></p>

**Comments:** Census date for reporting is 31 December 2020.

## Representational attributes

- Representation class:** Count
- Data type:** Real
- Unit of measure:** Person
- Format:** N[N(6)]

## Indicator conceptual framework

**Framework and dimensions:** [Effective/Appropriate/Efficient](#)

## Data source attributes

**Data sources:****Data Source**

[Indigenous-specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators \(nKPI\) data collection](#)

**Frequency**

6 monthly

**Data custodian**

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

## Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:**

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Australian Government Department of Health.

## Relational attributes

**Related metadata references:**

Supersedes [Indigenous primary health care: PI06a-Number of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose HbA1c measurement result was within a specified level, June 2020](#)

- [Health](#), Retired 13/10/2021
- [Indigenous](#), Superseded 14/07/2021

See also [Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI06b-Proportion of Indigenous regular clients with type 2 diabetes who have an HbA1c measurement result within a specified level, December 2020](#)

- [Indigenous](#), Standard 14/07/2021