# Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl22a-Number of female Indigenous regular clients who have a cervical screening (HPV) test, December 2020

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# Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl22a-Number of female Indigenous regular clients who have a cervical screening (HPV) test, December 2020

# Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Output measure
Short name:	Pl22a-Number of female Indigenous regular clients who have a cervical screening (HPV) test, December 2020
METEOR identifier:	731858
Registration status:	Indigenous, Superseded 03/07/2022
Description:	Number of female <b>Indigenous regular clients</b> aged 25–74 who have not had a hysterectomy and who had a cervical screening (human papillomavirus (HPV)) test within the previous 5 years where the test occurred on or after 1 December 2017.
Rationale:	Cervical screenings are effective at detecting and treating cervical abnormalities when they are still precancerous, and have been found to significantly reduce the incidence and mortality of cervical cancer. Indigenous women experience higher cervical cancer incidence and mortality than non-Indigenous women. Increasing participation in cervical screening is important to reduce the number of women who present with cervical cancer and ultimately die from the disease.
Indicator set:	Indigenous-specific primary health care national key performance indicators December 2020 Indigenous, Superseded 03/07/2022

# Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from:	25 years
Population group age to:	74 years
Computation description:	Count of female <u>Indigenous regular clients</u> aged 25–74 who have not had a hysterectomy and who had a cervical screening (HPV) test within the previous 5 years where the test occurred on or after 1 December 2017.
	Presented as a number.
	Count is of women, not tests.
	<b>Cervical screening:</b> a HPV test is a test that detects persistent HPV infection that causes the abnormal cell changes prior to the development of cervical cancer.
	From 1 December 2017 the screening test for cervical cancer changed from the Pap test to a test for human papillomavirus (HPV), and the recommended screening age changed from 18–69 to 25–74. The HPV test is offered every 5 years instead of every 2 as it was with the Pap test.
	Women are considered to have had appropriate screening if they have had a cervical screening (HPV) test within the previous 5 years where the test occurred on or after 1 December 2017.
	<b>Include</b> HPV tests where the sample is either collected by a health practitioner or self-collected.
Computation:	Numerator only.

Numerator:	Number of female Indigenous regular clients aged 25–74 who have not had a hysterectomy and who had a cervical screening (HPV) test within the previous 5 years where the test occurred on or after 1 December 2017.
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—age, total years N[NN]
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020
	Guide for use
	Aged 25–74 only.
	Data Element / Data Set
	Female—hysterectomy indicator, yes/no code N
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020
	Guide for use
	No - has not had a hysterectomy only.
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—Indigenous status, code N
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020
	Guide for use
	Indigenous only.
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—sex, code X
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020
	Guide for use
	Female only.

#### – Data Element / Data Set-

Person-regular client indicator, yes/no code N

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

#### NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

#### Guide for use

Regular clients only.

#### - Data Element / Data Set

Female—cervical screening indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N

#### Data Source

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection

#### NMDS / DSS

Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020

#### Guide for use

Yes - had a cervical screening test only.

Disaggregation:	1. Age group:
	<ul> <li>a) 25–34 years</li> <li>b) 35–44 years</li> <li>c) 45–54 years</li> <li>d) 55–64 years</li> <li>e) 65–74 years.</li> </ul>
Disaggregation data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—age, total years N[NN]
	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous-specific primary health care NBEDS December 2020
	Guide for use
	Aged 25–74 only.
Comments:	Census date for reporting is 31 December 2020.

### **Representational attributes**

Representation class:	Count
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person
Format:	N[NNN]
Metadata 731858	

## Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Effective/Appropriate/Efficient

### **Data source attributes**

Data sources:	Data Source
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific primary health care national Key Performance Indicators (nKPI) data collection
	Frequency
	6 monthly
	Data custodian
	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

## Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements:	Funding agreements between the Department of Health and the organisations funded under the Indigenous Australians' Health Programme (IAHP).
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Indigenous-specific primary health care organisations or maternal and child health programs/services funded by the Department of Health under its Indigenous Australians' Health Programme (IAHP), referred to as funded organisations.
Accountability:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare/Department of Health.
Source and reference attributes	

### Source and reference attributes

# **Relational attributes**

Related metadata references:	Supersedes Indigenous primary health care: PI22a-Number of regular clients who have had a cervical screening, June 2020 Health, Retired 13/10/2021 Indigenous, Superseded 14/07/2021
	Has been superseded by Indigenous-specific primary health care: Pl22a-Number of female Indigenous regular clients who have a cervical screening (HPV) test, June 2021 Indigenous, Superseded 06/11/2022
	See also Indigenous-specific primary health care: PI22b-Proportion of female Indigenous regular clients who have a cervical screening (HPV) test, December 2020 Indigenous, Superseded 03/07/2022