

Third and Fourth Degree Perineal Tears Clinical Care Standard: 3d-Proportion of women who had a forceps-assisted birth with episiotomy

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Third and Fourth Degree Perineal Tears Clinical Care Standard: 3d-Proportion of women who had a forceps-assisted birth with episiotomy

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	3d-Proportion of women who had a forceps-assisted birth with episiotomy
METEOR identifier:	728504
Registration status:	Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care , Standard 20/04/2021
Description:	The proportion of women who had a forceps-assisted birth with episiotomy.
Indicator set:	Clinical care standard indicators: Third and Fourth Degree Perineal Tears Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care , Standard 20/04/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from: 18 yrs or older

Computation description:

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: $(\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator}) \times 100$

Numerator: Number of women who had a forceps-assisted birth with episiotomy.

Include separations where a code for forceps-assisted delivery was recorded (Table A), AND an episiotomy was also recorded (Table B).

Table A: 10th Edition ACHI codes for forceps-assisted delivery

Code	Description
<u>90468-00</u>	Low forceps delivery
<u>90468-01</u>	Mid-cavity forceps delivery
<u>90468-02</u>	High forceps delivery
<u>90468-03</u>	Forceps rotation of fetal head
<u>90468-04</u>	Forceps rotation of fetal head with forceps delivery
<u>90468-05</u>	Failed forceps delivery
<u>90468-06</u>	Forceps delivery, unspecified
<u>90470-02</u>	Assisted breech delivery with forceps to after-coming head
<u>90470-04</u>	Breech extraction with forceps to after-coming head

Table B: 10th Edition ACHI code for episiotomy

Code	Description
90472-00	Episiotomy

Numerator data elements:**Data Element / Data Set**

[Episode of admitted patient care—procedure, code \(ACHI 10th edn\) NNNNN-NN](#)

Denominator:

Number of women who had a forceps-assisted birth.

Include separations where a code for forceps-assisted delivery was recorded (Table A).

Table A: 10th Edition ACHI codes for forceps-assisted delivery

Code	Description
90468-00	Low forceps delivery
90468-01	Mid-cavity forceps delivery
90468-02	High forceps delivery
90468-03	Forceps rotation of fetal head
90468-04	Forceps rotation of fetal head with forceps delivery
90468-05	Failed forceps delivery
90468-06	Forceps delivery, unspecified
90470-02	Assisted breech delivery with forceps to after-coming head
90470-04	Breech extraction with forceps to after-coming head

Denominator data elements:**Data Element / Data Set****Data Element / Data Set**

[Episode of admitted patient care—procedure, code \(ACHI 10th edn\) NNNNN-NN](#)

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Person

Format: N[NN]

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care 2017. National Safety and Quality Health Service Standards. 2nd ed. Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Sydney.

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care 2021. Third and Fourth Degree Perineal Tears clinical care standard. Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Sydney.