Australian Health Performance Framework: PI 2.1.3c– Cancer screening rates, National Cervical Screening Program participation rate, 2020

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Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	AHPF PI 2.1.3c-National Cervical Screening Program participation rate, 2020
Synonymous names:	NCSP participation rate
METEOR identifier:	728331
Registration status:	Health, Superseded 07/09/2023
Description:	Rates of cervical screening for women in the national target age group during the defined 5 year period.
Rationale:	In Australia, primary prevention of cervical cancer is through vaccination against human papillomavirus (HPV), which is the primary underlying cause of cervical cancer. Secondary prevention is by cervical screening, though the National Cervical Screening Program (NCSP), to detect and treat abnormalities while they are in the precancerous stage, prior to any possible progression to cervical cancer. Prior to 1 December 2017, detection of precancerous abnormalities through cervical screening used cytology from the Papanicolaou smear, or 'Pap test', as the screening test.
	Participation is a major indicator of the performance of the NCSP. High participation in screening is required for the NCSP to achieve its aim of reducing cervical cancer incidence, morbidity and mortality, by detecting and treating cervical abnormalities that could otherwise develop into cervical cancer.
	Participation is measured over a 5-year period in line with the current recommended screening interval.
Indicator set:	Australian Health Performance Framework, 2020 Health, Superseded 11/07/2023

Collection and usage attributes

Population group age from:	25 years
Population group age to:	74 years
Computation description:	The denominator is adjusted to exclude the estimated number of women who have had a hysterectomy, using national hysterectomy fractions.
	Age-standardised rates are directly age-standardised to the 2001 Australian population.
	Analysis by Primary Health Network (PHN), remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on postcode of residential address at the time of screening.
	Presented as a percentage.
Computation:	100 × (Numerator ÷ Denominator)
Numerator:	Number of women aged 25–74 who have been screened in a 5-year period.
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Data Element
	A1 Woman—client identifier, identifier X[X(19)]

Data Source

National Cervical Screening Program

Guide for use

Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Count is of individual women, not tests.

- Data Element / Data Set

Data Element

A7 Woman—date of birth, date DDMMYYYY

Data Source

National Cervical Screening Program

Guide for use

Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers

Data Element / Data Set-

Data Element

<u>C2 Cytology test—date of cytology test, date DDMMYYYY</u>

Data Source

National Cervical Screening Program

Guide for use

Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers If multiple tests within a <u>defined 5 year period</u>, the first screening test is counted.

-Data Element / Data Set

Data Element

C3 Cytology test—cytology specimen site, code AN

Data Source

National Cervical Screening Program

Guide for use

Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Only includes B0 or B1.

- Data Element / Data Set-

Data Element

C6 Cytology test-endocervical (glandular) cytology cell analysis, code AX

Data Source

National Cervical Screening Program

Guide for use

Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Excludes vault smears (E-).

	Data Element / Data Set
	Data Element
	<u>T1—Type of test, code A</u>
	Data Source
	National Cervical Screening Program
	Guide for use
	Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Only includes cytology tests (T1=C).
Denominator:	Population of women aged 25–74 in each state and territory, geographic region, socio-economic status and Australia, using Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) estimated resident population (ERP) for females at 30 June, averaged over the relevant 5 years by age group and adjusted for the estimated proportion of women who have had a hysterectomy
Denominator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Data Element
	Proportion of women within the target population who have had a hysterectomy
	Data Source
	National Hospital Morbidity Database (NHMD)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Administrative by-product National hysterectomy fractions derived from the AIHW National Hospital Morbidity Database are used to adjust the population to exclude the estimated number of women who have had a hysterectomy. See Chapter E (Statistical methods) in <u>Cervical Screening in Australia, 2019</u> (AIHW 2019).
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—estimated resident population of Australia, total people N[N(7)]
	Data Source
	ABS Estimated resident population (2011 Census-based)
	Guide for use
	Data source type: Census based and administrative by-product data
Disaggregation:	2018, 2018-19—Nationally

Disaggregation data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
cicinento.	Data Element
	A7 Woman—date of birth, date DDMMYYYY
	Data Source
	National Cervical Screening Program
	Guide for use
	Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Used for disaggregation by age group
	Data Element / Data Set
	Data Element
	A14 Woman—Residential Australian state/territory name, code {AA[A]}
	Data Source
	National Cervical Screening Program
	Guide for use
	Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Used for disaggregation by state and territory.
	Data Element / Data Set
	Data Element
	A15 Woman—residential Australian postcode, {NNNN}
	Data Source
	National Cervical Screening Program
	Guide for use
	Data source type: State and territory cervical screening registers Used for disaggregation by PHN, remoteness and SEIFA IRSD.
Comments:	Most recent data available for 2020 Australian Health Performance Framework reporting is preliminary data for the periods 2018 and 2018-19. Data will be reported in 5 year intervals in the future.

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Percentage
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person
Format:	NN.N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and	1. Effectiveness
dimensions:	

Data source attributes

-Data Source

National Hospital Morbidity Database (NHMD)

Frequency

Annual

Data custodian

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

-Data Source-

National Cervical Screening Program

Frequency

Annual

Data custodian

Department of Health and Ageing

Data Source

ABS Estimated resident population (2011 Census-based)

Frequency

Quarterly

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements:	Australian Health Performance Framework
Organisation responsible for providing data:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
Reference documents:	 AlHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2014. National cervical cancer prevention data dictionary version 1: working paper. Cancer series no. 88. Cat. no. CAN 85. Canberra: AlHW. Viewed 11 October 2019, https://www.aihw.gov.au/getmedia/b381ba0a-86f6-4603-baa8-66c0f3e4db22/18262.pdf.aspx?inline=true. AlHW 2019. Cervical screening in Australia 2019. Cancer series no. 123. Cat. no. CAN 124. Canberra: AlHW. Viewed 19 November 2019, https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/cancer-screening/cervical-screening-in-australia-2019/contents/table-of-contents.

Relational attributes

Supersedes <u>Australian Health Performance Framework: PI 2.1.3c–Cancer</u> screening rates, National Cervical Screening Program participation rate, 2019 <u>Health</u>, Superseded 13/10/2021

Has been superseded by <u>Australian Health Performance Framework: PI2.1.3c–</u> <u>Cancer screening rates, National Cervical Screening Program participation rate,</u> <u>2021</u>

Health, Standard 07/09/2023