Caesarean section or induction of labour at less than 37, 38 and 39 completed weeks gestation without medical or obstetric indication, 2017

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# Caesarean section or induction of labour at less than 37, 38 and 39 completed weeks gestation without medical or obstetric indication, 2017

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| Identifying and definitional attributes |
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | Early planned caesarean section or induction of labour without medical or obstetric indication, 2017 |
| METEOR identifier: | 724678 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 27/04/2021 |
| Description: | The proportion of females who gave birth at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation by caesarean section or who had labour induced, without medical or obstetric indication. |
| Rationale: | Neonatal respiratory morbidity can be reduced by minimising early delivery. This indicator is used to benchmark practice. |
| Indicator set: | [Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2021](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/723541)       [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 27/04/2021 |
| Data quality statement: | [National Perinatal Data Collection, 2017: Quality Statement](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/716326)       [AIHW Data Quality Statements](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/5), Superseded 29/05/2020 |

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| Collection and usage attributes |
| Computation description: | The number of females who gave birth at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation by caesarean section with no established labour or who had labour induced, without medical or obstetric indication, divided by the number of females who gave birth at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation by caesarean section with no established labour or who had labour induced, multiplied by 100.Includes females who, at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation, had:* no established labour and gave birth by caesarean section,
* induced labour and gave birth vaginally (including non-instrumental, forceps and vacuum extraction), or
* induced labour and gave birth by caesarean section.

A birth is defined as the complete expulsion or extraction from a female, of a product of conception of 20 or more completed weeks of gestation or of 400 grams or more birthweight.'Without medical or obstetric indication' includes the following reasons for caesarean section:* previous caesarean section
* previous severe perineal trauma
* previous shoulder dystocia
* maternal choice in the absence of any obstetric, medical, surgical, psychological indications.

 'Without medical or obstetric indication' includes the following reasons for induction:* administrative or geographical indication
* maternal choice in the absence of any obstetric, medical, fetal, administrative or geographical indication.

Analysis by state/territory, remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on the usual residence of the mother.Records with data that are missing, not stated or not interpretable have been excluded from the denominator.Cells of less than 5 are suppressed. This is the lowest level of suppression that all states and territories have agreed to for the release of data from the National Perinatal Data Collection.            Proportions have been suppressed where the denominator is less than 100, for reliability reasons.   Presented as a:* number, and
* percentage.
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| Computation: | 100 x (Numerator ÷ Denominator) |
| Numerator: | The number of females who gave birth at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation by caesarean section with no established labour or who had labour induced, without medical or obstetric indication. |
| Numerator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—birth method, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/295349)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—labour onset type, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/495690)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—main indication for induction of labour, code N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/655515)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NBEDS 2017-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/654975)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Product of conception—gestational age, completed weeks N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/669039)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—main indication for caesarean section, code N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/695698)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NBEDS 2017-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/654975)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data  |
| Denominator: | The number of females who gave birth at less than 37 (259 days), 38 (266 days) and 39 (273 days) completed weeks gestation by caesarean section with no established labour or who had labour induced. |
| Denominator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—birth method, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/295349)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Product of conception—gestational age, completed weeks N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/298105)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Birth event—labour onset type, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/495690)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data  |
| Disaggregation: | National and state/territory, by:* Admitted patient elected accommodation status
* Indigenous status of the mother
* remoteness (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) 2016 Remoteness Structure)
* 2016 Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage (IRSD) quintiles.

Note that data collection methods for Indigenous status of the mother may vary between states and territories.Some disaggregations may result in numbers too small for publication. |
| Disaggregation data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**[Episode of admitted patient care—patient election status, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/326619)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Person—Indigenous status, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/602543)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data **Data Element / Data Set**[Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2016) N(9)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/659725)**Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**NMDS / DSS**[Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)**Guide for use** Data source type: Administrative by-product data.Used for disaggregation by state/territory, remoteness and SEIFA IRSD.Geographic unit used is Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2) in the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).Remoteness is based on the ASGS 2016 Remoteness Structure.SEIFA IRSD is based on the 2016 SEIFA IRSD.  |
| Comments: | Information is included in the National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC) for both live births and stillbirths, where gestational age is at least 20 weeks or birthweight is at least 400 grams, except in Victoria and Western Australia, where births are included if gestational age is at least 20 weeks or, if gestation is unknown, birthweight is at least 400 grams. For information about NPDC data limitations, see the [Technical supplement of the Fourth Atlas](https://safetyandquality.gov.au/publications-and-resources/resource-library/fourth-atlas-2021-technical-supplement). The term ‘Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people’ is preferred when referring to the separate Indigenous peoples of Australia. However, the term ‘Indigenous’ is used interchangeably with ‘Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander’ in this indicator to assist readability.  |
| Representational attributes |
| Representation class: | Percentage |
| Data type: | Real |
| Unit of measure: | Person |
| Format: | N[NN].N |
| Data source attributes |
| Data sources: | **Data Source**[AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)**Frequency**Calendar years ending 31 December each year**Data custodian** Australian Institute of Health and Welfare  |
| Accountability attributes |
| Reporting requirements: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care*Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2021* |
| Organisation responsible for providing data: | Australian Institute of Health and Welfare |
| Accountability: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Further data development / collection required: | The collection of the data elements [Birth event—main indication for caesarean section, code N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/587046) and [Birth event—main indication for induction of labour, code N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/655515) is relatively new in Australia and many states and territories are not yet able to collect this data element according to the national specifications. For this reason, the available data used for the Atlas for individual states and territories are not available for publication. |
| Release date: | 28/04/2021 |
| Source and reference attributes |
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Relational attributes  |
| Related metadata references: | See also [Caesarean section at less than 37, 38 and 39 completed weeks gestation without medical or obstetric indication, 2017](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/723681)       [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 27/04/2021See also [Early planned caesarean section without medical or obstetric indication, 2015](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/709063)       [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 13/12/2018 |