KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: Pl 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community mental health care period, 2020



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KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: Pl 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community mental health care period, 2020

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

Short name: MHS PI 06J: Average treatment days per three-month community mental health

care period, 2020

METEOR identifier: 723371

Registration status: <u>Health</u>, Superseded 17/12/2021

Description: The average number of community mental health treatment days per three-month

period of ambulatory care provided by state/territory specialised community

(also known as ambulatory) mental health service unit(s).

NOTE: This specification has been adapted from the indicator *Average treatment days per 3-month community mental health care period, 2020– (Service level)* using terminology consistent with the National Health Data Dictionary. There are no technical differences in the calculation methodologies between the Service level

version and the Jurisdictional level version of this indicator.

Rationale:

• The purpose of this indicator is to better understand underlying factors which cause variation in community montal health care costs. The number of

cause variation in community mental health care costs. The number of treatment days is the community counterpart of admitted patient length of stay and it indicates the relative volume of care provided to people in ambulatory

care

Frequency of service provision is the main driver of variation in community
care costs and may reflect differences between health service organisation
practices. Inclusion of this indicator promotes a fuller understanding of
community care costs as well as providing a basis for utilisation review. For
example, it allows the frequency of servicing of particular consumer groups in
the community to be assessed against any clinical protocols developed for

those groups.

This indicator may also demonstrate degrees of accessibility to public sector
 accessibility to public sector

community mental health services.

Indicator set: Key Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services

(Jurisdictional level version) (2020) Health, Superseded 17/12/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: Coverage/Scope:

State/territory specialised community mental health service unit(s) in scope for reporting as defined by the Community mental health care National minimum data set (NMDS).

All community mental health care service activity (treatment days and statistical episodes) associated with non-uniquely identified consumers is excluded.

Methodology:

- Reference period for 2020 performance reporting: 2018–19
- For the purposes of this measure, community mental health care statistical episodes consist of the following fixed three-monthly periods; January–March, April–June, July–September, and October–December.

Computation: Numerator ÷ Denominator

Numerator: Number of <u>community mental health care treatment days</u> provided by

state/territory ambulatory mental health services within the reference period.

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Data Element

Specialised mental health service—number of ambulatory treatment days

NMDS/DSS

(derived from) Community mental health care NMDS 2018-19

Data Element / Data Set

Person—unique identifier used indicator, yes/no code N

NMDS / DSS

Community mental health care NMDS 2018-19

Denominator:

Number of community mental health care statistical episodes provided by state/territory ambulatory mental health services within the reference period.

Denominator data elements:

- Data Element / Data Set-

Data Element

Specialised mental health service—number of statistical episodes treated by ambulatory services

NMDS/DSS

(derived from) Community mental health care NMDS 2018-19

Guide for use

A community mental health care statistical episode is defined as a three-month period of ambulatory care for a uniquely identifiable person where the individual was under 'active care'. Active care is defined as one or more treatment days in the period. Each uniquely identifiable person is counted uniquely at the <u>specialised mental health service organisation</u> level, regardless of the number of teams or community programs involved in his/her care.

Disaggregation: Sei

Service variables: target population

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

Specialised mental health service—target population group, code N

NMDS / DSS

Community mental health care NMDS 2018-19

Comments:

For this indicator, 'public sector community mental health services' refers to specialised mental health services, provided as a public service, managed or funded by state or territory health authorities.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Mean (average)

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Time (e.g. days, hours)

Format: N[NN].N

Metadata 723371

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions:

Efficiency and sustainability

Accountability attributes

Benchmark: State/territory level

collection required:

Further data development / Methodology to collect multifaceted levels of service usage, such as intensity and complexity issues and the impact on contact duration, is needed in order to

improve cost modelling and efficiency measurement in general.

Accurate reporting at levels above that of mental health service organisation requires unique state-wide patient identifiers that are not currently available in all

jurisdictions.

The indicator can be accurately constructed using the Community mental health

care NMDS.

Other issues caveats: Casemix adjustment is needed to interpret variation between organisations to

distinguish consumer and provider factors. Longer term a methodology for casemix

adjustment is required.

Further development of national funding models, including episode-based or casemix models, will enable more meaningful measurement than the arbitrary

three-month period used in this indicator.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare on behalf of the National Mental Health

Performance Subcommittee

Reference documents: National Mental Health Performance Subcommittee (NMHPSC) 2013. Key

Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services, 3rd edn.

Canberra: NMHPSC.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community mental health care period, 2019

Health, Superseded 13/01/2021

Has been superseded by KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 06J - Average treatment days per three-month community mental health care period,

2021

Health, Superseded 16/09/2022