

National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 01- Estimated life expectancy at birth, 2019; Quality Statement

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 01- Estimated life expectancy at birth, 2019; Quality Statement

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Quality Statement
METEOR identifier:	711059
Registration status:	Indigenous , Standard 07/02/2019

Data quality

Institutional environment:	<p>For information on the institutional environment of the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), including the legislative obligations of the ABS, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, see ABS Institutional Environment.</p> <p>Death statistics are sourced from death registrations systems administered by the various State and Territory Registrars of Births, Deaths and Marriages. It is a legal requirement of each State and Territory that all deaths are registered. Information about the deceased is supplied by a relative or other person acquainted with the deceased, or by an official of the institution where the death occurred. As part of the registration process, information on the cause of death is either supplied by the medical practitioner certifying the death on a Medical Certificate of Cause of Death, or supplied as a result of a coronial investigation.</p>
Timeliness:	<p>Life expectancy for Indigenous Australians is calculated for a 3-year period and reported every 5 years, with 2015–2017 estimates released in November 2018 in <i>Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2015-2017</i> (ABS 2018).</p> <p>An improvement has been made to the method of calculating Indigenous life tables at the Australia level for the periods 2010–2012 and 2015–2017. The method now takes age-specific identification rates into account when calculating the under-identification adjustment.</p> <p>This method could not be used for state and territory life tables due to insufficient sample from the Post Enumeration Survey to accurately calculate age-specific identification rates. The estimates for New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia and the Northern Territory were therefore calculated without an age-specific adjustment. Due to the different methodologies, life expectancy estimates for these states and one territory are not comparable with the headline estimates for Australia, which used an age-specific adjustment. Comparable, non age-adjusted Australia level life tables are provided to enable national and state and territory comparisons.</p> <p>This release also includes Indigenous life tables by remoteness areas and Socio-Economic Index for Areas (Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage), also without age-specific adjustments.</p>
Accessibility:	Indigenous life expectancy estimates are also published on the ABS website, (see <i>Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Australia, 2015-2017</i>).
Interpretability:	Please view the Explanatory Notes and Glossary provide information on the data sources, terminology, classifications and other technical aspects associated with these statistics.

Relevance:	<p>Life tables based on assumed improvements in mortality are produced by the ABS using assumptions on future life expectancy at birth, based on recent trends in life expectancy. These life tables are not published by the ABS, they are used as inputs into ABS population projections.</p> <p>Life tables for Indigenous Australians will enable the compilation of ABS estimates and projections of the population of Australia for the period 2006 to 2031.</p> <p>Estimates of life expectancy at birth for Indigenous Australians are commonly used as a measure for assessing Indigenous population health and disadvantage.</p>
Accuracy:	<p>Compilation of life tables requires complete and accurate data on deaths that occur in a period, and reliable estimates of the population exposed to the risk of dying during that period. These data are required by age and sex so as to calculate age-sex specific death rates.</p> <p>In the case of life tables for the Indigenous population, registrations of Indigenous deaths and Indigenous population estimates present particular methodological challenges. For example, there are a number of factors which may contribute to under-identification of Indigenous deaths in death registrations records. In addition, there are quality issues associated with Indigenous population estimates, such as undercount of the Indigenous population in the Census, and non-response to the Indigenous status question on the Census form. Due to the inherent uncertainties in these data, care should be exercised when interpreting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander life expectancy estimates.</p>
Coherence:	<p>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander life tables for 2015–2017 were produced using the same method as those for 2010–2012.</p> <p>Due to the improvements made to the method of compiling the 2010-2012 Indigenous life tables at the Australia level, a comparable set of 2005–2007 life tables was released by the <i>ABS in Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2010-2012</i> (ABS 2013).</p>

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Bureau of Statistics
Reference documents:	Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2015-2017 (cat. no. 3302.0.55.003)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:	<p>Supersedes National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 01-Estimated life expectancy at birth, 2018; Quality Statement Indigenous, Superseded 07/02/2019</p> <p>Has been superseded by National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 01-Estimated life expectancy at birth, 2020; Quality Statement Indigenous, Standard 06/02/2020</p> <p>See also National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 07-Proportion of babies born of low birthweight, 2019; Quality Statement Indigenous, Standard 07/02/2019</p>
Indicators linked to this Data Quality statement:	<p>National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 01-Estimated life expectancy at birth, 2019 Indigenous, Superseded 23/08/2019</p>