Early planned caesarean section without medical or obstetric indication, 2015

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# Early planned caesarean section without medical or obstetric indication, 2015

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| Identifying and definitional attributes | |
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | Early planned caesarean section without obstetric or medical indication, 2015 |
| METEOR identifier: | 709063 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 13/12/2018 |
| Description: | The proportion of women who gave birth by caesarean section at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation, without adequate obstetric/medical indication. |
| Rationale: | Neonatal respiratory morbidity can be reduced by minimising early delivery. This indicator is used to benchmark practice. |
| Indicator set: | [Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2018](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/708955)  [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 13/12/2018 |
| Data quality statement: | [National Perinatal Data Collection, 2015: Quality Statement](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/681798)  [AIHW Data Quality Statements](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/5), Superseded 02/08/2018 |

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| Collection and usage attributes | |
| Computation description: | The number of women who gave birth by caesarean section at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation, without adequate obstetric/medical indication and where there was no established labour, divided by the number of women who gave birth by caesarean section at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation, and where there was no established labour, and multiplied by 100.  A birth is defined as the event in which a baby comes out of the uterus after a pregnancy of at least 20 weeks gestation or weighing 400 grams or more.  Births included are caesarean deliveries (where there was no established labour) at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days), (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days).  'Without adequate obstetric/medical indication' includes the following reasons for caesarean section:   * previous caesarean section * previous severe perineal trauma * previous shoulder dystocia * maternal choice in the absence of any obstetric, medical, surgical, psychological indications   Births excluded are:   * caesarean deliveries at or after (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation * where there was established labour * all vaginal deliveries * those delivered pre-term by caesarean section (where there was no established labour) with obstetric/medical indication (all reasons for caesarean section other than those listed previously)   Cells of less than 5 have been suppressed. This is the lowest level of suppression that all states and territories have agreed to for the release of data from the National Perinatal Data Collection.  Proportions have been suppressed where the denominator is less than 100, for reliability purposes. |
| Computation: | 100 x (Numerator ÷ Denominator) |
| Numerator: | The number of women who gave birth by caesarean section at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation, without adequate obstetric/medical indication and where there was no established labour. |
| Numerator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  [Birth event—birth method, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/295349)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Birth event—labour onset type, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/495690)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Product of conception—gestational age, completed weeks N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/669039)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Birth event—main indication for caesarean section, code N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/695698)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456) |
| Denominator: | The number of women who gave birth by caesarean section at less than (i) 39 completed weeks (273 days) gestation, (ii) 37 completed weeks (259 days) gestation, and where there was no established labour. |
| Denominator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  [Birth event—birth method, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/295349)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Product of conception—gestational age, completed weeks N[N]](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/298105)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Birth event—labour onset type, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/495690)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456) |
| Disaggregation: | State or territory of mother's usual residence.  State or territory of mother's usual residence by:   * Indigenous status of mother * Patient elected accommodation status |
| Disaggregation data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  [Person—Indigenous status, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/602543)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)    **Data Element / Data Set**  [Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2016) N(9)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/659725)  **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **NMDS / DSS**  [Perinatal NMDS 2014-18](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/517456)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data |
| Comments: | Data elements are from the Perinatal National Minimum Data Set (NMDS). Records with data that are missing, not stated or not interpretable have been excluded from the denominator.  The national data collection for this indicator is relatively new in Australia and many states and territories do not yet collect all elements consistent with the national specification. For this reason, the available data used for the Atlas for individual states are not available for publication. |
| Representational attributes | |
| Representation class: | Percentage |
| Data type: | Real |
| Unit of measure: | Person |
| Format: | N[NN.N] |
| Data source attributes | |
| Data sources: | **Data Source**  [AIHW National Perinatal Data Collection (NPDC)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/392479)  **Frequency**  Calendar years ending 31 December each year  **Data custodian**  Australian Institute of Health and Welfare |
| Accountability attributes | |
| Reporting requirements: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care  *The Third Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation (2018)* |
| Organisation responsible for providing data: | Australian Institute of Health and Welfare |
| Accountability: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Release date: | 11/12/2018 |
| Source and reference attributes | |
| Reference documents: | Women's Healthcare Australasia 2007. Supporting excellence in maternity care: the core maternity indicators project: findings from the core maternity indicators project. Canberra: WHA. |
| Relational attributes | |
| Related metadata references: | See also [Caesarean section at less than 37, 38 and 39 completed weeks gestation without medical or obstetric indication, 2017](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/723681)  [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 27/04/2021  See also [Caesarean section or induction of labour at less than 37, 38 and 39 completed weeks gestation without medical or obstetric indication, 2017](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/724678)  [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 27/04/2021 |