Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard indicators: Proportion of patients prescribed appropriate venous thromboembolism prophylaxis



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Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:IndicatorIndicator type:IndicatorMETEOR identifier:697323

Registration status: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 11/10/2018

Description: Proportion of patients prescribed appropriate <u>venous thromboembolism</u> (VTE)

prophylaxis.

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: venous thromboembolism (VTE) prevention

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard

11/10/2018

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: For the numerator, 'appropriate' means in relation to the patient's VTE and

bleeding risks, and in accordance with the locally approved guideline/policy.

VTE prophylaxis may include medicines, mechanical devices, early mobilisation and/ or patient education. For lower risk patients, prophylaxis may not be required. The requirement for prophylaxis and the type should be documented in

the patient's medical record.

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

Numerator: The number of patients prescribed VTE prophylaxis appropriate to their VTE and

bleeding risks, and in accordance with the locally approved guideline/policy.

Denominator: The number of patients prescribed VTE prophylaxis.

Comments: See the Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard (ACSQHC

2018) for key considerations for the safe and effective use of VTE prevention

methods.

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Service event

Format: N[NN]

Accountability attributes

Other issues caveats: Applicable settings: public and private hospitals and day procedure centre.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents: ACSQHC (Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care) 2018.

Venous thromboembolism prevention clinical care standard. Sydney: ACSQHC.