

Female—parity, total pregnancies N[N]

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Female—parity, total pregnancies N[N]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Parity
METEOR identifier:	696262
Registration status:	Health , Superseded 03/12/2020 Tasmanian Health , Superseded 11/06/2021
Definition:	The total number of previous pregnancies experienced by a female that have resulted in a live birth or a stillbirth .
Context:	Perinatal
Data Element Concept:	Female—parity
Value Domain:	Total pregnancies N[N]

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Total	
Data type:	Number	
Format:	N[N]	
Maximum character length:	2	
	Value	Meaning
Supplementary values:	99	Not stated
Unit of measure:	Pregnancy	

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	To calculate parity, count all previous pregnancies that resulted in a live birth or a stillbirth of at least 20 weeks gestation or at least 400 grams birthweight. Excluded from the count are: • the current pregnancy • pregnancies resulting in spontaneous or induced abortions before 20 weeks gestation • ectopic pregnancies. A primipara (a female giving birth for the first time) has a parity of 0.
Collection methods:	A pregnancy with multiple fetuses is counted as one pregnancy.
Comments:	The number of previous pregnancies that resulted in a birth is an important component of the female's reproductive history. Parity may be a risk factor for adverse maternal and perinatal outcomes.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	National Perinatal Data Development Committee
--------------------------	---

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes [Female—parity, total pregnancies N\[N\] Health](#), Superseded 12/12/2018
[Tasmanian Health](#), Superseded 03/07/2020

Has been superseded by [Female—parity, total pregnancies N\[N\] Health](#), Standard 03/12/2020
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 11/06/2021

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

[Perinatal NMDS 2019–20 Health](#), Superseded 03/12/2020
Implementation start date: 01/07/2019
Implementation end date: 30/06/2020
DSS specific information:

This data element is recorded for the mother only.

[Perinatal NMDS 2020–21 Health](#), Superseded 03/12/2020
Implementation start date: 01/07/2020
Implementation end date: 30/06/2021
DSS specific information:

This data element is recorded for the mother only.

[Tasmanian Perinatal Data Set - 2020 Tasmanian Health](#), Superseded 23/11/2023
Implementation start date: 01/07/2020
Implementation end date: 30/06/2021

Implementation in Indicators:

Used as Numerator

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03–Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2021 Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03–Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2022 Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 05–Induction of labour for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021 Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 05–Induction of labour for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022 Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 06–Caesarean section for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021 Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 06–Caesarean section for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022 Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 07–Non-instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021 Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 07–Non-instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022 Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 08–Instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021 Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 08–Instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022 Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 13–Third and fourth degree tears for vaginal births, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 13–Third and fourth degree tears for vaginal births, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 15–Females having their second birth vaginally whose first birth was by caesarean section, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 15–Females having their second birth vaginally whose first birth was by caesarean section, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

Used as Denominator

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03–Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 03–Episiotomy for females giving birth for the first time and giving birth vaginally, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 05–Induction of labour for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 05–Induction of labour for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 06–Caesarean section for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 06–Caesarean section for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 07–Non-instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 07–Non-instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 08–Instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 08–Instrumental vaginal birth for selected females giving birth for the first time, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 13–Third and fourth degree tears for vaginal births, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 13–Third and fourth degree tears for vaginal births, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 15–Females having their second birth vaginally whose first birth was by caesarean section, 2021](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/09/2022

[National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 15–Females having their second birth vaginally whose first birth was by caesarean section, 2022](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 14/07/2023