Birth event—type of analgesia administered, code N[N]

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)		
© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024		
This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.		
You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our		

Metadata 695545

meteor@aihw.gov.au.

attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Birth event—type of analgesia administered, code N[N]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Type of analgesia administered during a birth event

METEOR identifier: 695545

Registration status: Health, Superseded 03/12/2020

Definition: The type of <u>analgesia</u> administered to a female during a birth event, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Birth event—type of analgesia administered

Value Domain: Type of labour analgesia administered code N[N]

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

	value	weaning
Permissible values:	2	Nitrous oxide
	4	Epidural or caudal block
	5	Spinal block
	6	Systemic opioids
	7	Combined spinal-epidural block
	88	Other analgesia

Collection and usage attributes

Supplementary values:

Guide for use: CODE 6 Systemic opioids

99

Includes intramuscular and intravenous opioids.

CODE 7 Combined spinal-epidural block

The spinal-epidural block combines the benefits of rapid action of a spinal block and the flexibility of an epidural block. An epidural catheter inserted during the technique enables the provision of long-lasting analgesia with the ability to titrate the dose for the desired effect.

Not stated/inadequately described

CODE 88 Other analgesia

Includes all non-narcotic oral analgesia and non-pharmacological methods such as hypnosis, acupuncture, massage, relaxation techniques, temperature regulation

and aromatherapy.

Comments: Code 1 and Code 3 have been omitted as these codes are no longer in use. For

information about their meaning in previous data elements, see superseded

versions.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Perinatal Data Development Committee

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: More than one permissible value may be recorded.

CODE 7 Combined spinal-epidural block

Combined spinal-epidural block should not be recorded if both Code 4 and Code 5

are also recorded.

Comments: Analgesia use may influence the duration of labour, may affect the health status of

the baby at birth and is an indicator of obstetric intervention. Analgesia may also influence a female's satisfaction with her birth experience and is an indicator of access to anaesthesia services, i.e. epidural analgesia is not available for females

in birth events where there are no anaesthetic services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Perinatal Data Development Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Birth event—type of analgesia administered, code N[N]

Health, Superseded 12/12/2018

Has been superseded by Birth event—type of analgesia administered, code N[N]

Health, Superseded 17/12/2021

See also Birth event—analgesia administered indicator, yes/no/not

<u>stated/inadequately described code N</u>
<u>Health</u>, Superseded 03/12/2020

See also Birth event—birth method, code N

Health, Superseded 03/12/2020

See also Birth event—labour onset type, code N

Health, Superseded 03/12/2020

Implementation in Data Set Perinatal NMDS 2019–20 **Specifications:**

Health, Superseded 03/12/2020 Implementation start date: 01/07/2019

Implementation end date: 30/06/2020

Conditional obligation:

This data element is only to be recorded if the response to the Birth event—labour onset type, code N data element is Code 1 (Spontaneous) or Code 2 (Induced) and the Birth event—analgesia administered indicator, Yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N data element is Code 1 (Yes).

DSS specific information:

This data element is to be recorded for first and second stage labour, but not for third stage labour, e.g. removal of placenta.

This is a multiple response data element and is therefore operationalised for data collection across 6 individual data items (one data item per permissible value, excluding Code 99 (Not stated/inadequately described)).

Perinatal NMDS 2020-21

Health, Superseded 03/12/2020 Implementation start date: 01/07/2020 Implementation end date: 30/06/2021 Conditional obligation:

This data element is only to be recorded if the response to the Birth event—labour onset type, code N data element is Code 1 (Spontaneous) or Code 2 (Induced) and the Birth event—analgesia administered indicator, Yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N data element is Code 1 (Yes).

DSS specific information:

This data element is to be recorded for first and second stage labour, but not for third stage labour, e.g. removal of placenta.

This is a multiple response data element and is therefore operationalised for data collection across 6 individual data items (one data item per permissible value, excluding Code 99 (Not stated/inadequately described)).