

Indigenous primary health care: PI14b- Proportion of regular clients aged 50 years and over who are immunised against influenza, 2018-2019

Identifying and definitional attributes

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|-----------------------------|---|
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | PI14b-Proportion of regular clients aged 50 years or more who are immunised against influenza, 2018-2019 |
| METEOR identifier: | 687980 |
| Registration status: | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health, Superseded 16/01/2020• Indigenous, Superseded 14/07/2021 |
| Description: | Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 50 and over and who are immunised against influenza. |
| Rationale: | Influenza remains a major cause of illness and death among Indigenous adults. Vaccination has been demonstrated to reduce deaths. |
| Indicator set: | Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators 2018-2019 Health , Superseded 16/01/2020 Indigenous , Superseded 14/07/2021 |

Collection and usage attributes

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| Population group age from: | 50 years |
|-----------------------------------|----------|

Computation description: Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 50 and over and who are immunised against influenza.

'Regular client' refers to a client of an Australian Government Department of Health-funded primary health-care service (that is required to report against the Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators) who has an active medical record; that is, a client who has attended the Department of Health-funded primary health-care service at least 3 times in 2 years.

For Indigenous people aged 50 and over, the *Australian Immunisation Handbook* (DoH 2017) recommends immunisation against influenza. An Indigenous person aged 50 and over is immunised against influenza if they have received an influenza vaccine within the previous year.

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: $(\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator}) \times 100$

Numerator: Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, aged 50 and over and who are immunised against influenza.

Numerator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—influenza immunisation indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Guide for use

An Indigenous person aged 50 and over is immunised against influenza if they have received an influenza vaccine within the previous year.

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Denominator:

Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous and aged 50 and over.

Denominator data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—age, total years N\[NN\]](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—Indigenous status, code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Disaggregation:

Sex:

a) Male

b) Female

Disaggregation data elements:

Data Element / Data Set

[Person—sex, code X](#)

Data Source

[Indigenous primary health care data collection](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Indigenous primary health care NBEDS 2018–19](#)

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Person

Format: N[N].N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions: [Effective/Appropriate/Efficient](#)

Data source attributes

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|----------------------|--|
| Data sources: | Data Source Indigenous primary health care data collection |
| | Frequency 6 monthly |
| | Data custodian Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. |

Source and reference attributes

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|---------------------------------|---|
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Australian Government Department of Health |
| Reference documents: | DoH (Australian Government Department of Health) 2017. Vaccination for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People, Australian Immunisation Handbook, 10 th Edition. Canberra: DoH. Viewed 9 February 2017, http://www.immunise.health.gov.au/internet/immunise/publishing.nsf/Content/Handbook10-home |

Relational attributes

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| Related metadata references: | Supersedes Indigenous primary health care: PI14b-Proportion of regular clients aged 50 years and over who are immunised against influenza, 2015-2017 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health, Superseded 17/10/2018• Indigenous, Superseded 17/10/2018 Has been superseded by Indigenous primary health care: PI14b-Proportion of regular clients aged 50 years and over who are immunised against influenza, June 2020 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health, Retired 13/10/2021• Indigenous, Superseded 14/07/2021 See also Indigenous primary health care: PI14a-Number of regular clients aged 50 years and over who are immunised against influenza, 2018-2019 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health, Superseded 16/01/2020• Indigenous, Superseded 14/07/2021 |
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