Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015-2017

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Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015-2017

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	Pl24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015-2017
METEOR identifier:	663992
Registration status:	<u>Health</u> , Superseded 25/01/2018 <u>Indigenous</u> , Superseded 27/02/2018
Description:	Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.
Rationale:	The blood pressure target for people with Type II diabetes is less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg. This level is shown to significantly decrease macrovascular (stroke, heart attack and heart failure) and microvascular (kidney disease, eye disease and peripheral neuropathy) complications.
Indicator set:	Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators (2015-2017) Health, Superseded 25/01/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 27/02/2018

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.
	'Regular client' refers to a client of an Australian Government Department of Health- funded primary health care service (that is required to report against the Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators) who has an active medical record; that is, a client who has attended the Department of Health-funded primary health care service at least 3 times in 2 years.
	Exclude Type I diabetes, secondary diabetes, gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM), previous GDM, impaired fasting glucose, impaired glucose tolerance.
	The client does not have a blood pressure measurement of less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg if either the systolic or diastolic reading is above the threshold (130 and 80 respectively).
	In the general population, blood pressure over 140/90 mmHg is considered high. The blood pressure target for those with Type II diabetes is less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg as it is shown to significantly decrease macrovascular (stroke, heart attack and heart failure) and microvascular (kidney disease, eye disease and peripheral neuropathy) complications.
	Presented as a percentage.
	If the client has had more than one blood pressure measurement within the previous 6 months, only the most recently recorded result is included in this calculation.
Computation:	(Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

Numerator:	Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN
	Data Source
	Indigenous primary health care data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17
	Guide for use
	Type II diabetes only
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—Indigenous status, code N
	Data Source
	Indigenous primary health care data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N
	Data Source
	Indigenous primary health care data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17
	Data Element / Data Set
	Person—blood pressure measurement result less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg indicator, yes/no code N
	Data Source
	Indigenous primary health care data collection
	NMDS / DSS
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17
	Guide for use
	Response to this is conditional on responding 'yes' to having had a blood pressure measurement result recorded in the previous 6 months.
Denominator:	Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and had a

Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and had a blood pressure measurement result recorded within the previous 6 months.

Denominator data elements:

- Data Element / Data Set

Person-diabetes mellitus status, code NN

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

Guide for use

Type II diabetes only.

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-Indigenous status, code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

- Data Element / Data Set

Person-regular client indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—blood pressure measurement result recorded indicator, yes/no code

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

Disaggregation:

- 1. Sex: a) Male b) Female
- 2. Age: a) 0-4 years b) 5-14 years c) 15-24 years d) 25-34 years e) 35-44 years f) 45-54 years g) 55-64 years h) 65 years and over

Disaggregation data
elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Person-sex, code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age, total years N[NN]

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2015-17

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Percentage
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and	
dimensions:	

Effective/Appropriate/Efficient

Data source attributes

Data sources:	Data Source
	Indigenous primary health care data collection
	Frequency
	6 monthly
	Data custodian
	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Australian Government Department of Health

Relational attributes

Supersedes Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015

Health, Superseded 05/10/2016 Indigenous, Superseded 20/01/2017

Has been superseded by <u>Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of</u> regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015-2017

Health, Superseded 17/10/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 17/10/2018

See also Indigenous primary health care: PI24a-Number of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2015-2017

Health, Superseded 25/01/2018 Indigenous, Superseded 27/02/2018