

KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community care period, 2017

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KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services:

PI 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community care period, 2017

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator
Indicator type:	Indicator
Short name:	MHS PI 06J: Average treatment days per three-month community care period, 2017
METEOR identifier:	663819
Registration status:	Health , Superseded 13/01/2021
Description:	<p>Average number of community treatment days per three-month period of ambulatory care provided by state/territory specialised community (also known as ambulatory) mental health service unit(s).</p> <p>NOTE: This specification has been adapted from the indicator MHS PI 06: Average treatment days per three-month community care period, 2015 (Service level version) using terminology consistent with the National Health Data Dictionary. There are no technical differences in the calculation methodologies between the Service level version and the Jurisdictional level version of this indicator.</p>
Rationale:	<p>The purpose of this indicator is to better understand underlying factors which cause variation in community mental health care costs. The number of treatment days is the community counterpart of admitted patient length of stay and it indicates the relative volume of care provided to people in ambulatory care.</p> <p>Frequency of service provision is the main driver of variation in community care costs and may reflect differences between health service organisation practices. Inclusion of this indicator promotes a fuller understanding of community care costs as well as providing a basis for utilisation review. For example, it allows the frequency of servicing of particular consumer groups in the community to be assessed against any clinical protocols developed for those groups.</p> <p>This indicator may also demonstrate degrees of accessibility to public sector community mental health services.</p>
Indicator set:	Key Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services (Jurisdictional level version) (2017) Health , Superseded 13/01/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	<p>Coverage/Scope:</p> <p>State/territory specialised community mental health service unit(s) in scope for reporting as defined by the Community Mental Health Care National Minimum Data Set (NMDS).</p> <p>The following activity of community mental health care services are excluded:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• All activity (treatment days and statistical episodes) associated with non-uniquely identified consumers. <p>Methodology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reference period for 2017 performance reporting: 2015–16• For the purposes of this measure, community mental health care statistical episodes consist of the following fixed three-monthly periods; January–March, April–June, July–September, and October–December.
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Computation: Numerator ÷ Denominator

Numerator: Number of [community mental health care treatment days](#) provided by state/territory ambulatory mental health services within the reference period.

Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	<p>Data Element</p> <p>Specialised mental health service—number of ambulatory treatment days</p> <p>NMDS/DSS</p> <p>(derived from) Community Mental Health Care NMDS 2015–16</p>
	Data Element / Data Set
	<p>Person—unique identifier used indicator, yes/no code N</p> <p>NMDS / DSS</p> <p>Community mental health care NMDS 2015-16</p>

Denominator: Number of community mental health care statistical episodes provided by state/territory ambulatory mental health services within the reference period.

Denominator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	<p>Data Element</p> <p>Specialised mental health service—number of statistical episodes treated by ambulatory services</p> <p>NMDS/DSS</p> <p>(derived from) Community Mental Health Care NMDS 2015–16</p> <p>Guide for use</p> <p>A community mental health care statistical episode is defined as a three-month period of ambulatory care for a uniquely identifiable person where the individual was under ‘active care’. Active care is defined as one or more treatment days in the period. Each uniquely identifiable person is counted uniquely at the specialised mental health service organisation level, regardless of the number of teams or community programs involved in his/her care.</p>

Disaggregation: Service variables: Target population

Disaggregation data elements:	Data Element / Data Set
	<p>Specialised mental health service—target population group, code N</p> <p>NMDS / DSS</p> <p>Community mental health care NMDS 2015-16</p>

Representational attributes

Representation class: Mean (average)

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Time (e.g. days, hours)

Format: N[NN].N

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and dimensions: [Efficient](#)
[Appropriate](#)

Accountability attributes

Reporting requirements: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Organisation responsible for providing data: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Accountability: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Benchmark: State/territory level

Further data development / collection required: Methodology to collect multifaceted levels of service usage, such as intensity and complexity issues and the impact on contact duration, is needed in order to improve cost modelling and efficiency measurement in general.

Accurate reporting at levels above that of mental health service organisation requires unique state-wide patient identifiers that are not currently available in all jurisdictions.

The indicator can be accurately constructed using the Community Mental Health Care NMDS.

Other issues caveats: Casemix adjustment is needed to interpret variation between organisations to distinguish consumer and provider factors. Longer term a methodology for casemix adjustment is required.

Further development of national funding models, including episode-based or casemix models, will enable more meaningful measurement than the arbitrary three-month period used in this indicator.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: National Mental Health Performance Subcommittee 2013. Key Performance Indicators for Australian Public Mental Health Services, 3rd edn. Canberra: NMHPC.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes [KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community care period, 2016](#)
[Health](#), Superseded 14/06/2017

Has been superseded by [KPIs for Australian Public Mental Health Services: PI 06J – Average treatment days per three-month community mental health care period, 2018](#)
[Health](#), Superseded 13/01/2021