

# Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation: Number of potentially preventable hospitalisations - heart failure, per 100,000 people, 2014-15

## Identifying and definitional attributes

<b>Metadata item type:</b>	Indicator
<b>Indicator type:</b>	Indicator
<b>Short name:</b>	Heart failure hospitalisations, 2014-15
<b>METEOR identifier:</b>	638941
<b>Registration status:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care</a>, Standard 07/06/2017</li> </ul>

**Description:** Number of potentially preventable heart failure hospitalisations per 100,000 people, age and sex standardised. Data are disaggregated by the area in which the person lives.

**Indicator set:** [Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation 2017](#)  
[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](#), Standard 07/06/2017

## Collection and usage attributes

**Population group age from:** All ages

**Computation description:** Inclusion codes, description and additional requirements

ICD-10-AM 8th edition code	ICD-10-AM Description	Additional requirements
I50.0	Congestive heart failure	As principal diagnosis
I50.1	Left ventricular failure	
I50.9	Heart failure, unspecified	
I11.0	Hypertensive heart disease with (congestive) heart failure	
J81	Pulmonary oedema	

**Exclusion codes, description and additional requirements**

ACHI Procedure blocks (8th edition code)	Description	Additional requirement
[600]-[606]	Heart - Atrium procedures	Any procedure
[608]-[650]	Heart - Ventricle procedures	
[653]-[657]	Insertion, adjustment or removal of cardiac pacemaker or defibrillator	
[660]-[664], [666]	Transplantation of heart or lung, other repair, reconstruction or revision procedures on other sites of the heart	

[669]-[681]	Excision, repair, bypass procedures on coronary arteries
[682],[684]-[691], [693]	Repair procedures on aorta (aortic arch and thoracic) and closure of patent ductus arteriosus
[705]-[707]	Resection of lesion of carotid artery and patch graft of artery
[717]	Repair procedures on pulmonary artery for congenital heart disease
33172-00 [715]	Replacement of other major artery aneurysm with graft
33827-01 [733]	Repair of jugular vein by direct anastomosis
34800-00 [726]	Interruption of vena cava
35412-00 [11]	Endovascular occlusion of cerebral aneurysm or arteriovenous malformation
38721-01 [733]	Repair of vena cava by direct anastomosis
90217-02 [734]	Repair of vena cava by interposition graft
90215-02 [732]	Direct closure of vena cava

### Exclusion codes and description

Care type	Description
7.3	Newborn—unqualified days only
9.0	Organ procurement—posthumous
10.0	Hospital boarder

Presented as a number per 100,000 people.

Rates for all Australians are directly age- and sex- standardised, to the 2001 Australian population, using 5-year age groups: 0-4, 5-9, ... , 80-84, 85 and over. Indigenous and other Australian rates are directly age and sex standardised, to the 2001 Australian population, using 5-year age groups: 0-4, 5-9, ... , 60-64, 65 and over.

For more information about age-standardisation in general see </content/index.phtml/itemId/327276>

Analysis by Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3) is based on Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2) of usual residence of the patient.

Suppress data (number or rate) if at least one of the following conditions are met:

- the total denominator is less than 1,000
- the total numerator is less than 20

Age and sex standardised rates are suppressed where the denominator for at least one of the age and sex groups used to calculate the rate is below 30.

**Computation:**  $100,000 \times (\text{Numerator} \div \text{Denominator})$

**Numerator:** Number of potentially preventable hospitalisations for heart failure

**Numerator data elements:**

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY](#)

**Data Source**

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

**Guide for use**

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Episode of care—principal diagnosis, code \(ICD-10-AM 8th edn\) ANN{,N\[N\]}:](#)

**Data Source**

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

**Guide for use**

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Hospital service—care type, code N\[N\]](#)

**Data Source**

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

NMDS / DSS

[Admitted patient care NMDS 2014-15](#)

**Guide for use**

Data source type: Administrative by-product data

**Denominator:**

Total population as at 30 June, 2014

**Denominator data elements:**

**Data Element / Data Set**

**Data Element**

Person—estimated resident population of Australia

**Data Source**

[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections \(2001 Census-based\)](#)

**Guide for use**

Data source type: Census-based plus administrative by-product data

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—estimated resident population of Australia, total people N\[N\(7\)\]](#)

**Data Source**

[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\)](#)

**Guide for use**

Census-based plus administrative by-product data

**Disaggregation:**

SA3 by:

- remoteness (ASGC Remoteness structure) and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD)

State and territory by:

- Indigenous status

**Disaggregation data elements:**

**Data Element / Data Set**

[Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 \(SA2\) code \(ASGS 2011\) N\(9\)](#)

**Data Source**

[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)

## Representational attributes

**Representation class:** Rate  
**Data type:** Integer  
**Unit of measure:** Episode  
**Format:** N[NNNN]

## Data source attributes

**Data sources:**

**Data Source**  
[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections \(2001 Census-based\)](#)  
**Frequency**  
Periodic  
**Quality statement**  
[ABS Indigenous experimental estimates and projections, QS](#)  
**Data custodian**  
Australian Bureau of Statistics

**Data Source**  
[National Hospital Morbidity Database \(NHMD\)](#)  
**Frequency**  
Annual  
**Data custodian**  
Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

**Data Source**  
[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\)](#)  
**Frequency**  
Quarterly  
**Quality statement**  
[ABS Estimated resident population \(total population\), QS](#)  
**Data custodian**  
Australian Bureau of Statistics

## Accountability attributes

**Methodology:** Statistical Area Level 3 (SA3s) are geographic areas defined in the ABS Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS). The aim of SA3s is to create a standard framework for the analysis of ABS data at the regional level through clustering groups of SA2s that have similar regional characteristics. There are 333 spatial SA3s covering the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are designed to provide a regional breakdown of Australia. SA3s generally have a population of between 30,000 and 130,000 people. There are approximately 50 with fewer than 30,000 people and 35 with more than 130,000 as at 30 June 2011. For further information see the ABS publication, Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 – Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas, July 2011 (cat. no. 1270.0.55.001).

The scope of the NHMD is episodes of care for admitted patients in all public and private acute and psychiatric hospitals, free-standing day hospital facilities and alcohol and drug treatment centres in Australia. Hospitals operated by the Australian Defence Force, corrections authorities and in Australia's off-shore territories are not in scope, but some are included. Private hospitals include private free-standing day hospital facilities and other private hospitals (which also include private psychiatric hospitals).

**Reporting requirements:** Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care  
*Australian Atlas of Healthcare Variation*

**Organisation responsible for providing data:** Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

**Accountability:** Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

**Release date:** 07/06/2017

## Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:** Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

**Reference documents:** For more information about potentially preventable hospitalisations see: National Healthcare Agreement: PI 18—Selected potentially preventable hospitalisations, 2017; [/content/index.phtml/itemId/630028](#)  
[Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care and Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. Exploring Healthcare Variation in Australia: Analyses Resulting from an OECD Study. Sydney: ACSQHC, 2014](#)  
National Health Performance Authority 2015, Healthy Communities: Potentially preventable hospitalisations in 2013–14, Technical Supplement.

## Relational attributes

**Related metadata references:** See also [Number of potentially preventable hospitalisations - heart failure per 100,000 people, of all ages, 2014-15 to 2017-18](#)

- [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](#), Standard 27/04/2021