Acute coronary syndromes: 4a-NSTEACS patients with documented assessment and risk stratification

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Acute coronary syndromes: 4a-NSTEACS patients with documented assessment and risk stratification

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

Short name: Indicator 4a-NSTEACS patients with documented assessment and risk

stratification

METEOR identifier: 612076

Registration status: Health, Standard 12/09/2016

Description: Proportion of admitted patients with non-ST-segment-elevation acute coronary

syndrome (NSTEACS) who have a documented assessment and risk

stratification, using a guideline-recommended tool.

Rationale: Appropriate assessment is needed to determine the likelihood of an adverse

<u>cardiac event</u> among NSTEACS patients. Risk stratification of NSTEACS patients is used to determine the likelihood of short-term adverse outcomes, which will direct the treatment management strategy (Acute Coronary Syndrome

Guidelines Working Group 2006).

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: acute coronary syndromes

Health, Standard 12/09/2016

Outcome area: Risk stratification

Health, Standard 12/09/2016

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description: Both the numerator and the denominator include patients with NSTEACS.

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: (Numerator ÷ denominator) x 100

Numerator: Number of admitted patients with NSTEACS who have a documented assessment

and risk stratification, using a guideline-recommended tool.

Denominator: Number of admitted patients with NSTEACS.

Comments: Assessment and risk stratification is indicated for patients with advance care

directives, on a palliative care pathway, subject to discussion with patients, family

and carers. Risk assessment tools for consideration include:

 Global Registry of Acute Coronary Events (GRACE) Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS) Risk Calculator (Centre for Outcomes Research, University

of Massachusetts Medical School 2014).

• TIMI Risk Score for unstable angina (UA) and non-ST elevation myocardial

infarction (NSTEMI) (MD Calc 2014).

 Acute Coronary Syndromes Treatment Algorithm (National Heart Foundation of Australia and The Cardiac Society of Australia and New Zealand 2011).

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real

Unit of measure: Episode Format: N[NN]

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents: Acute Coronary Syndrome Guidelines Working Group 2006. Guidelines for the

management of acute coronary syndromes 2006. Medical Journal of

Australia 184(8):S1-S30.

Centre for Outcomes Research, University of Massachusetts Medical School 2014. The Global Registry of Acute Coronary Events (GRACE). Centre for Outcomes Research, University of Massachusetts Medical School, Worcester.

Viewed May 2014, www.outcomes-umassmed.org/grace.

MD Calc 2014. TIMI Risk Score for UA/NSTEMI. MD Calc. Viewed May 2014, http://www.mdcalc.com/timi-risk-score-for-uanstemi/.

National Heart Foundation of Australia and The Cardiac Society of Australia and New Zealand 2011. Acute coronary syndromes treatment algorithm. National Heart Foundation of Australia and The Cardiac Society of Australia and New Zealand. Viewed May 2014, http://heartfoundation.org.au/images/uploads/publications/ ACS therapy algorithm-printable.pdf.