National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 02-Mortality rate by leading causes, 2015

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# National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 02-Mortality rate by leading causes, 2015

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| Identifying and definitional attributes | |
| Metadata item type: | Indicator |
| Indicator type: | Indicator |
| Short name: | PI 02-Mortality rate by leading causes, 2015 |
| METEOR identifier: | 579065 |
| Registration status: | [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 18/11/2015 |
| Description: | Mortality rates for Australians by leading causes of death (ICD-10 chapter level), by Indigenous status. |
| Rationale: | Achieving the Closing the Gap target of closing the life expectancy gap within a generation requires monitoring mortality rates for different diseases so that it is understood which diseases are major contributors to mortality among Indigenous Australians and where programs are succeeding and where they are not. |
| Indicator set: | [National Indigenous Reform Agreement (2015)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/578744)  [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 18/11/2015 |
| Outcome area: | [Indigenous Australians achieve health outcomes comparable to the broader population](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/396115)  [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 25/02/2024 |
| Data quality statement: | [National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 02—Mortality rate by leading causes, 2015, Quality Statement](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/593415)  [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 07/02/2017 |

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| Collection and usage attributes | |
| Computation description: | Mortality rates for Australians by the leading causes of death, by Indigenous status.  Crude rates are calculated for Indigenous Australians.  Age-standardised rates are calculated for Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians.  Rate ratios and rate differences are calculated for Indigenous:non-Indigenous.  Note: Causes to be listed from highest to lowest Indigenous percentage for the most recent period (5 years combined).  Variability bands are to be calculated for rates (single year data and national data for 5 years combined) using the standard method (see definition below).  Reporting is only for those jurisdictions which have adequate levels of Indigenous identification (NSW, Qld, WA, SA and NT from 1998).  For trends: Percentage change and statistical significance of change is to be calculated (required for assessment of progress over time as annual proxy measure against life expectancy target).  Excludes deaths where Indigenous status was not stated.  Not stated for age is pro-rated.  Presentation:  Number, percentage, rate per 100,000 persons; rate ratios, rate differences, variability bands; and causes (as per list contained in ‘Definitions’ below) listed from highest to lowest percentage.  Definitions:  This measure refers to ‘leading causes of death’. Data are provided for ‘selected causes of death’ according to the ICD-10 codes used for ‘leading causes of death’ in the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework:   * Circulatory diseases (I00-I99) * Neoplasms (C00-D48) * Malignant neoplasms - Cancer (C00–C97, D45, D46, D47.1, D47.3) * Malignant neoplasms of digestive organs (C15-C26) * Malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung (C34) * Malignant neoplasm of cervix uteri (C53) * Non-malignant neoplasms (D00-D44, D47.0, D47.2, D47.7-D48) * External causes of morbidity and mortality (V01-Y98) * Endocrine, metabolic and nutritional disorders (E00-E90) * Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14) * Respiratory diseases (J00-J99) * Digestive diseases (K00-K93) * Kidney diseases (N00-N29) * Conditions originating in the perinatal period (P00-P96) * Nervous system diseases (G00-G99) * Infectious and parasitic diseases (A00-B99) * Other causes * All causes   For single year data, the following top 5 causes of death are to be reported:   * Circulatory diseases (I00-I99) * Neoplasms (cancer) (C00-D48) * External causes of morbidity and mortality (V01-Y98) * Endocrine, metabolic and nutritional disorders (E00-E90) * Respiratory diseases (J00-J99) * Total (top 5 causes) * Other causes * Total (All causes)   The top 5 causes of death need to be re-assessed each reporting period. If a change is identified, data may need to be backcast to the baseline year for the most recent set of top 5 causes to ensure a consistent time series.  Standard method for variability band computation:  Rates derived from administrative data counts are not subject to sampling error but may still be subject to natural random variation, especially for small counts. A 95% confidence interval for an estimate is a range of values which is very likely (95 times out of 100) to contain the true unknown value. Where the 95% confidence intervals of two estimates do not overlap it can be concluded that there is a statistically significant difference between the two estimates. This is the standard method used in AIHW publications for which formulas can be sourced from Breslow and Day (1987) in the publication ‘Statistical methods in cancer research’. Typically in the standard method, the observed rate is assumed to have natural variability in the numerator count (e.g. deaths, hospital visits) but not in the population denominator count. Also, the rate is assumed to have been generated from a Normal distribution ("Bell curve"). Random variation in the numerator count is assumed to be centred around the true value, i.e. there is no systematic bias. |
| Computation: | Mortality rates:  Crude percentage: number of deaths by cause divided by all deaths.  Crude rate: 100,000 x (Numerator ÷ Denominator).  Age-standardised rate: calculated using the direct method using five year age groups from 0-4 years to 75 years and over and the Australian population as at 30 June 2001 as the standard. Age-standardisation should be done in accordance with the National Indigenous Reform Agreement Performance Information Management Group (NIRAPIMG) agreed principles for direct age-standardisation (see the Comments section below).  Rate ratio: Indigenous age-standardised rate divided by non-Indigenous age-standardised rate  Rate difference: Indigenous age-standardised rate minus non-Indigenous age-standardised rate  Variability band: to be calculated using the standard method for estimating 95% confidence intervals as follows:  *Crude rate:*    Where d = the number of deaths  *Age-standardised rate:*    Where wi = the proportion of the standard population in age group i  di = the number of deaths in age group i  ni = the number of people in the population in age group i  Percentage change: Calculated by multiplying the average annual change over the period by the number of data points less 1. This is then divided by the rate for the first year in the series and multiplied by 100.  The average annual change in rates, rate ratios and rate differences are calculated using linear regression which uses the least squares method to calculate a straight line that best fits the data and returns an array that best describes the line. The simple linear regression line, Y = a + bX, or ‘slope’ estimate was used to determine the average annual change in the data over the period. The formula used to calculate the slope estimate and standard error of the slope in Microsoft Excel is:  LINEST: (known\_y’s, known\_x’s, true) entered as an array formula (Ctrl, Shift, Enter).  Statistical significance of change: The 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for the standard error of the slope estimate (average annual change) are used to determine whether the apparent increases or decreases in the data are statistically significant at the p<0.05 level. The formula used to calculate the CIs for the standard error of the slope estimate is:  *95%CI*(*x*) = *x* ± 1.96 x *SE*(*x*)  where x is the average annual change (slope estimate). If the upper and lower 95% confidence intervals do not include zero, then it can be concluded that there is statistical evidence of an increasing or decreasing trend in the data over the study period. |
| Numerator: | Number of deaths |
| Numerator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—date of birth    **Data Source**  [ABS Death Registrations Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394481)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—date of death    **Data Source**  [ABS Death Registrations Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394481)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—date of birth    **Data Source**  [ABS Causes of Death Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394490)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—date of death    **Data Source**  [ABS Causes of Death Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394490)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data |
| Denominator: | Total population of all people in relevant population at 30 June. |
| Denominator data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—estimated resident population of Australia    **Data Source**  [ABS Estimated resident population (2011 Census-based)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/585823)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Derived from Census, Census Post Enumeration Survey (PES) and estimates of fertility, mortality, net migration etc.  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**    Person—estimated resident population of Australia    **Data Source**  [ABS Indigenous estimates and projections (2011 Census-based)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/585844)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Derived from Census, Census Post Enumeration Survey (PES) and estimates of fertility, mortality, net migration etc. Backcast population estimates and series B projections. |
| Disaggregation: | Reporting is only for those jurisdictions which have adequate levels of Indigenous identification (NSW, Qld, WA, SA and the NT from 1998).  **Current period** - 2008-2012 (by cause) and 2009-2013 (all cause):  For Indigenous only (crude rates, and percentage):   * State/territory (including total) by selected causes of death including total (ICD-10 chapter level and some sub-chapter level). * Total (selected states/territories) by sex by selected causes of death (ICD-10 chapter level and some sub-chapter level). * State/territory (including total) by Indigenous status: all-cause.   For Indigenous and non-Indigenous (age-standardised rates, rate ratios, and rate differences):   * State/territory (including total) by selected causes of death including total (ICD-10 chapter level and some sub-chapter level). * Total (selected states/territories) by sex by selected causes of death (ICD-10 chapter level and some sub-chapter level). * State/territory (including total): all-cause.   **Time series** - Cause of death:  2006, 2007, 2008,  2009 (historical), 2010 (revised); 2011 (revised); 2012 (current).  All cause: 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 (historical), 2013 (current)  For Indigenous and non-Indigenous (age-standardised rates, rate ratios, rate differences, variability bands, percentage change and statistical significance of change):   * Total (selected states/territories) by sex by Indigenous status: all-cause. * State/territory (including total) by Indigenous status: all-cause. * State/territory (including total) by selected causes of death including total (Top 5 ICD-10 chapter levels as listed under ‘definitions’), by Indigenous status. |
| Disaggregation data elements: | **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**  Person—Indigenous status  **Data Source**  [ABS Death Registrations Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394481)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**  Person—sex  **Data Source**  [ABS Death Registrations Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394481)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data  **Data Element / Data Set**  **Data Element**  Person—underlying cause of death, code (ICD-10 2nd edn) ANN-ANN  **Data Source**  [ABS Causes of Death Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394490)  **Guide for use**  Data source type: Administrative by-product data |
| Comments: | Most recent data available for 2015 report is 2013 for all-cause and 2012 by cause of death. Backcast data are also provided for 2010 and 2011 (for cause of death), and for all years back to 2006 for revised population data.  Data are based on reference year.  Aggregated data will be used for the current reporting period (2008-2012).  Single year data will be used for time series (2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 for all-cause and 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 for causes, all data for the years listed has been supplied previously). Previously supplied data has been re-supplied for this cycle due to revised population data.  Disaggregation by Indigenous status will be based on data only from jurisdictions for which the quality of Indigenous identification is considered acceptable.  At this stage, only data from selected states/territories are considered of acceptable quality for reporting mortality of Indigenous persons (NSW, Qld, WA, SA and the NT from 1998).  National rates should include these five states and territories only.  Disaggregation by state/territory should be based on the usual residence of the deceased.  Due to the small number of Indigenous deaths reported each year, 5 year combined data will be reported for the current reporting period (computation for 5 year combined is average of 5 years for the numerator and use of mid-point year for the denominator). Single year data will be used for reporting time series.  To report trends, the assessment body should separately request percentage change and statistical significance testing for this indicator directly from the AIHW when ABS supplies the data.  Variability bands accompanying mortality data should be used for the purposes of comparisons over time, and for national estimates at a point in time for Indigenous/non-Indigenous and cause of death comparisons. They should not be used for comparing mortality rates at a single point in time between jurisdictions as the variability bands and mortality rates do not take into account differences in under-identification of Indigenous deaths between jurisdictions.  Baseline year of NIRA target (Close the life expectancy gap within a generation) is 2006; baseline year for this indicator is 2006; target year is 2031.  Measures are derived from estimated resident populations (ERPs) and projections based on the 2011 Census. The non-Indigenous population will be calculated based on 2011 Census-based ERP total population minus 2011 Census-based back cast and projections. First release total population ERP is to be used until rebased. Rates may not be comparable with overall rates reported elsewhere in national reporting.  NIRAPIMG agreed Principles for reporting directly age-standardised rates for administrative data:  Overarching principle: Before undertaking age-standardisation, analysts must investigate the data being used to understand the age-specific distribution and any limitations that may impact on the results.  **Principle 1:** The standard population used should be the Australian Estimated Resident Population as at 30 June 2001 from the 2001 Census.  The population used as the denominator for the calculation of Indigenous age-standardised rates should be SERIES B of Indigenous estimates and projections 2001 to 2026 based on the 2011 Census.  **Principle 2:** If the denominator is less than 30 in any one age group, then do not attempt to produce age-standardised rates.  Age-groups may be collapsed to obtain a denominator of 30 or more (provided that this is in accordance with principle 3 and 4).  **Principle 3:** If the total number of Indigenous events (e.g. deaths, hospital separations) is less than 20, then do not attempt to produce age-standardised rates.  Combining several years of data, or aggregating jurisdictions should be considered to obtain a total of 20 or more events.  If this does not meet the purpose (i.e. data are required for time series or jurisdictional comparisons), or does not result in greater than 20 events in total, then other measures and contextual information should be reported instead of age-standardised rates which could include total number of events, crude rates, age-specific rates, age-specific rate ratios and median age at death.  **Principle 4:** Age-standardised rates should be calculated using the five year age groupings of 0-4 years to 75 years and over (provided Principles 2 and 3 for denominator and numerator are met).  10-year age groups may be used to overcome small numbers (20 year age groups are too wide and should not be used).  **Principle 5:** Additional contextual information (most importantly age-specific rates and ratios) should be provided in addition to age-standardised rates when:  a) the age-standardised rates and rate ratios lie largely outside the range of the age-specific rates and rate ratios.  b) the pattern of age-specific rates of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations differ substantially (e.g. deaths from a certain cause concentrate on younger ages for Indigenous population while for non-Indigenous they may occur at older ages).  c) the age-specific rates depart from the assumption of a uniform increase in death with age (e.g. injury which peaks in the young adult to middle-ages and certain cancers amenable to treatment for some age groups).  d) the condition of interest is largely confined to a specific age range (e.g. sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and women who give birth). In such instances, age-standardisation could be restricted to include the age groups within this age range only.  **Principle 6:** For conditions restricted to a specific age group (e.g. conditions originating in the perinatal period and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS), it is recommended to report the age-specific rate for the age group of interest instead of the age-standardised rate. |
| Representational attributes | |
| Representation class: | Rate |
| Data type: | Real |
| Unit of measure: | Person |
| Format: | N[NN].N |
| Indicator conceptual framework | |
| Framework and dimensions: | [Deaths](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/410671) |
| Data source attributes | |
| Data sources: | **Data Source**  [ABS Estimated resident population (2011 Census-based)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/585823)  **Frequency**  Quarterly  **Data custodian**  Australian Bureau of Statistics  **Data Source**  [ABS Death Registrations Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394481)  **Frequency**  Annual  **Data custodian**    Australian Bureau of Statistics    **Data Source**  [ABS Indigenous estimates and projections (2011 Census-based)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/585844)  **Frequency**  Periodic  **Data custodian**  Australian Bureau of Statistics  **Data Source**  [ABS Causes of Death Collection](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/394490)  **Frequency**  Annual  **Data quality statement**  [ABS causes of death collection, QS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/449206)  **Data custodian**    Australian Bureau of Statistics |
| Accountability attributes | |
| Reporting requirements: | National Indigenous Reform Agreement. |
| Organisation responsible for providing data: | Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). |
| Further data development / collection required: | Specification: Long-term.  Improve the quality of Indigenous identification in deaths data. |
| Source and reference attributes | |
| Steward: | [National Indigenous Reform Agreement Performance Information Management Group](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/410271) |
| Relational attributes | |
| Related metadata references: | Supersedes [National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 02-Mortality rate by leading causes, 2014](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/525824)  [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 24/11/2014  Has been superseded by [National Indigenous Reform Agreement: PI 02—Mortality rate by leading causes, 2016](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/611147)  [Indigenous](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/6), Superseded 01/07/2016 |