# National Healthcare Agreement: PI 10-Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes, 2015

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# National Healthcare Agreement: Pl 10-Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes, 2015

# Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator

**Indicator type:** Progress measure

**Short name:** PI 10- Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes, 2015

METEOR identifier: 559048

**Registration status:** Health, Superseded 08/07/2016

**Description:** The proportion of people who have Type 2 diabetes.

Indicator set: National Healthcare Agreement (2015)

Health, Superseded 08/07/2016

Outcome area: Prevention

Health, Standard 07/07/2010

Data quality statement: National Healthcare Agreement: PI 10-Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes, 2015 QS

Health, Standard 14/01/2015

## Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:

The National Health Measures Survey component of the 2011–13 Australian Health Survey included a fasting plasma glucose test.

A respondent to the survey is considered to have *known diabetes* if they had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they have Type 2 diabetes and:

- They were taking diabetes medication (either insulin or tablets); or
- Their blood test result for fasting plasma glucose was greater than or equal to 7.0 mmol/L.

A respondent to the survey is considered to have *newly diagnosed diabetes* if they reported no prior diagnosis of diabetes, but had a fasting plasma glucose value greater than or equal to 7.0 mmol/L.

Excludes persons who did not fast for 8 hours or more prior to their blood test.

Excludes women with gestational diabetes.

The data are reported for two age ranges:

- People aged 18 years and over; and
- People aged 25 years and over, as a supplementary measure.

Rates are directly age-standardised to the 2001 Australian population.

Analysis by remoteness and Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is based on usual residence of person (based on data availability).

Presented as a percentage.

95% confidence intervals and relative standard errors calculated for rates.

Note: The type of diabetes for newly diagnosed cases cannot be determined from a fasting plasma glucose or HbA1c test alone. However, it is assumed that the vast majority of newly diagnosed cases would be Type 2.

**Computation:** 100 x (numerator/denominator)

### **Numerator:**

Number of persons aged 18 years and over with *known diabetes* (Type 2) or *newly diagnosed diabetes* as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test.

For the supplementary measure: number of persons aged 25 years and over with *known diabetes* (Type 2) or *newly diagnosed diabetes* as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test.

### Numerator data elements:

### Data Element / Data Set-

### **Data Element**

Person with known diabetes (Type 2) or newly diagnosed diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

### **Data Element**

Person-age

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

### **Data Element**

Person with known diabetes (Type 2) or newly diagnosed diabetes as determined by a fasting plasma glucose test

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

### Data Element

Person—age

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

**Denominator:** 

Population aged 18 year and over.

For the supplementary measure: population aged 25 years and over.

# Denominator data elements:

### -Data Element / Data Set-

**Data Element** 

Person—age

**Data Source** 

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

**Data Element** 

Person—age

**Data Source** 

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Disaggregation:

2011-12-State and territory, by:

- sex (previously supplied).
- Indigenous status (non-Indigenous only).

2011–12 (previously supplied)—Nationally, by:

- remoteness (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Remoteness Structure).
- 2011 Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD) quintiles.

2011-13—State and territory, by Indigenous status (Indigenous only).

Some disaggregation may result in numbers too small for publication.

# Disaggregation data elements:

### Data Element / Data Set-

### **Data Element**

Person—Indigenous status

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

### **Data Element**

Person-sex

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

### Data Element / Data Set

Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Used for disaggregation by state/territory, remoteness and SEIFA of residence

### Data Element / Data Set

Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

### Guide for use

Data source type: Survey

Used for disaggregation by state/territory

### Comments:

Most recent data available for 2015 National Healthcare Agreement (NHA) performance reporting: 2011-12 (total population, non-Indigenous: AHS); 2012–13 (Indigenous only: AATSIHS).

## Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real
Unit of measure: Person

### **Data source attributes**

Data sources: 

Data Source

ABS Australian Health Survey (AHS), 2011–13 (2011–12 National Health Measures Survey component)

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

### **Data Source**

ABS Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (AATSIHS), 2012–13 (National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Measures Survey component)

Data custodian

Australian Bureau of Statistics

## **Accountability attributes**

Reporting requirements: National Healthcare Agreement

Organisation responsible Australian Bureau of Statistics

for providing data:

Benchmark:

National Healthcare Agreement: PB c-Better health: reduce the age-adjusted

prevalence rate for Type 2 diabetes to 2000 levels (equivalent to a national prevalence rate (for 25 years and over) of 7.1 per cent) by 2023, 2015

Further data development / collection required:

**Further data development** / Specification: Final, the measure meets the intention of the indicator.

# Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:** Australian Bureau of Statistics

### Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes National Healthcare Agreement: PI 10-Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes,

<u>2014</u>

Health, Superseded 14/01/2015

Has been superseded by National Healthcare Agreement: PI 10-Prevalence of

Type 2 diabetes, 2016

Health, Superseded 31/01/2017

See also National Healthcare Agreement: PB c-Better health: reduce the ageadjusted prevalence rate for Type 2 diabetes to 2000 levels (equivalent to a national prevalence rate (for 25 years and over) of 7.1 per cent) by 2023, 2015

Health, Superseded 08/07/2016