Address—suburb/town/locality name, text X[X(49)]

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

Address—suburb/town/locality name, text X[X(49)]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Patient residential address suburb; Patient mail address suburb
Synonymous names:	PER_ADDRESS_SUBURB; PER_MAIL_ADDRESS_SUBURB
METEOR identifier:	555398
Registration status:	[WA Health](), Standard 19/03/2015
Definition:	The name of the locality/suburb of the address, as represented by text.
Context:	For non-admitted patients, this is the patient's locality/suburb at the time of the scheduled appointment.
Data Element Concept:	[Address—suburb/town/locality name]()
Value Domain:	[Text X[X(49)]]()

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Text
Data type:	String
Format:	X[X(49)]
Maximum character length:	50

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	The suburb/town/locality name may be a town, city, suburb or commonly used location name such as a large agricultural property or Aboriginal community.
	This metadata item may be used to describe the location of an organisation or person. It can be a component of a street or postal address.
	This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard. Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Collection methods:	Patient mail address suburb is only relevant if it is different to the residential address suburb. It is only recorded in the NAPAAWL DC if the patient agrees to provide it.

Comments: Official locality names and their associated boundary extents are assigned by relevant state naming committees/protocols. Their correct usage is encouraged.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590—2006 Interchange of client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also [Address—statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)](#)
[Children and Families](#), Superseded 21/01/2021
[Community Services (retired)](#), Standard 06/12/2011
[Disability](#), Standard 13/08/2015
[Health](#), Superseded 06/12/2016

See also [Address—statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2016) N(9)](#)
[Children and Families](#), Superseded 11/05/2023
[Health](#), Superseded 20/10/2021

See also [Address—statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS Edition 3) N(9)](#)
[Aged Care](#), Standard 30/06/2023
[Children and Families](#), Standard 11/05/2023
[Health](#), Standard 20/10/2021

See also [Address—suburb/town/locality name, text X[X(45)]](#)
[Aged Care](#), Standard 30/06/2023
[Children and Families](#), Standard 22/11/2016
[Community Services (retired)](#), Standard 06/02/2012
[Disability](#), Standard 13/08/2015
[Early Childhood](#), Standard 09/03/2012
[Health](#), Standard 07/12/2011
[Homelessness](#), Standard 01/05/2013
[Housing assistance](#), Standard 01/05/2013
[Indigenous](#), Standard 13/03/2015
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 01/09/2016
[Youth Justice](#), Standard 15/02/2022

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

[WA Health Non-Admitted Patient Activity and Wait List Data Collection (NAPAAWL DC) 2013-14](#)
    [WA Health](#), Standard 19/03/2015
DSS specific information:

[WA Health Non-Admitted Patient Activity and Wait List Data Collection (NAPAAWL DC) 2014-15](#)
    [WA Health](#), Standard 24/04/2015

[WA Health Non-Admitted Patient Activity and Wait List Data Collection (NAPAAWL DC) 2016-17](#)
    [WA Health](#), Standard 30/05/2017