Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2013

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Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2013

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Indicator	
Indicator type:	Indicator	
Short name:	Pl24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2013	
METEOR identifier:	468134	
Registration status:	<u>Health</u> , Superseded 21/11/2013 <u>Indigenous</u> , Superseded 21/11/2013	
Description:	Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.	
Rationale:	The blood pressure target for people with Type II diabetes is less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg. This level is shown to significantly decrease macrovascular (stroke, heart attack and heart failure) and microvascular (kidney disease, eye disease and peripheral neuropathy) complications.	
Indicator set:	Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators (2013) Health, Superseded 21/11/2013 Indigenous, Superseded 21/11/2013	

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:	Proportion of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.	
	'Regular client' refers to a client of an OATSIH-funded primary health care service (that is required to report against the Indigenous primary health care key performance indicators) who has an active medical record; that is, a client who has attended the OATSIH-funded primary health care service at least 3 times in 2 years.	
	Exclude Type I diabetes, secondary diabetes, gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM), previous GDM, impaired fasting glucose, impaired glucose tolerance.	
	The client does not have a blood pressure measurement of less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg if either the systolic or diastolic reading is above the threshold (130 and 80 respectively).	
	In the general population, blood pressure over 140/90 mmHg is considered high. The blood pressure target for those with Type II diabetes is less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg as it is shown to significantly decrease macrovascular (stroke, heart attack and heart failure) and microvascular (kidney disease, eye disease and peripheral neuropathy) complications.	
	Presented as a percentage.	
	If the client has had more than one blood pressure measurement in the last 6 months, only the most recently recorded result is included in this calculation.	
Computation:	(Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100	

Numerator:	Number of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and whose blood pressure measurement result, recorded within the previous 6 months, was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg.	
Numerator data elements:	Data Element / Data Set	
	Person—Indigenous status, code N	
	Data Source	
	Indigenous primary health care data collection	
	NMDS / DSS	
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14	
	Data Element / Data Set	
	Person—diabetes mellitus status, code NN	
	Data Source	
	Indigenous primary health care data collection	
	NMDS / DSS	
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14	
	Guide for use	
	Type II diabetes only	
	Data Element / Data Set	
	Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N	
	Data Source	
	Indigenous primary health care data collection	
	NMDS / DSS	
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14	
	Data Element / Data Set	
	Person—blood pressure measurement result less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg indicator, yes/no code N	
	Data Source	
	Indigenous primary health care data collection	
	NMDS / DSS	
	Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14	
	Guide for use	
	Response to this is conditional on responding 'yes' to having had a blood pressure measurement result recorded in the previous 6 months.	
Denominator:	Total number of regular clients who are Indigenous, have Type II diabetes and had a blood pressure measurement result recorded within the previous 6 months.	

Denominator data elements:

-Data Element / Data Set

Person-diabetes mellitus status, code NN

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

Guide for use

Type II diabetes only.

Data Element / Data Set

Person-Indigenous status, code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

- Data Element / Data Set

Person-regular client indicator, yes/no code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person—blood pressure measurement result recorded indicator, yes/no code

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

Disaggregation:

1. Sex:

- a) Male b) Female
- 2. Age: a) 0-4 years b) 5-14 years c) 15-24 years d) 25-34 years e) 35-44 years f) 45-54 years g) 55-64 years h) 65 years and over

Disaggregation data
elements:

Data Element / Data Set-

Person—sex, code N

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

-Data Element / Data Set-

Person-age, total years N[NN]

Data Source

Indigenous primary health care data collection

NMDS / DSS

Indigenous primary health care DSS 2012-14

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Percentage
Data type:	Real
Unit of measure:	Person

Indicator conceptual framework

Framework and	
dimensions:	

Data sources:

Effective/Appropriate/Efficient

Data source attributes

Data Source	
Indigenous primary health care data collection	
Frequency	
6 monthly	
Data custodian	
Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.	

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA)

Relational attributes

Supersedes Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2012

Health, Superseded 23/02/2012

Has been superseded by Indigenous primary health care: PI24b-Proportion of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2014

Health, Superseded 13/03/2015 Indigenous, Superseded 13/03/2015

See also Indigenous primary health care: PI24a-Number of regular clients with Type II diabetes whose blood pressure measurement result was less than or equal to 130/80 mmHg, 2013

Health, Superseded 21/11/2013 Indigenous, Superseded 21/11/2013