Birth event—type of anaesthesia administered, code N[N]

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Birth event—type of anaesthesia administered, code N[N]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Type of anaesthesia administered during a birth event

METEOR identifier: 422383

Registration status: Health, Superseded 12/12/2018

Definition: The type of <u>anaesthesia</u> administered to a woman during a birth event, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Birth event—type of anaesthesia administered

Value Domain: Type of birth anaesthesia administered code N[N]

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	2	Local anaesthetic to perineum
	3	Pudendal block
	4	Epidural or caudal block
	5	Spinal block
	6	General anaesthesia
	7	Combined spinal-epidural block
	88	Other anaesthesia

Supplementary values: 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 7 Combined spinal-epidural block

The spinal-epidural block combines the benefits of rapid action of a

spinal block and the flexibility of an epidural block. An epidural catheter inserted during the technique enables the provision of long-lasting analgesia with the ability

to titrate the dose for the desired effect.

CODE 88 Other anaesthesia

May include parenteral opioids and nitrous oxide.

Comments: Note: Code 1, which had a meaning in previous versions of the data standard, is no

longer used. As is good practice, the code will not be reused.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used in conjunction with the data element: Birth event

-anaesthesia administered indicator, yes/no code N to obtain information on

if anaesthesia was administered to a woman during the birth event.

Collection methods: More than one technique can be recorded.

Code 7 cannot be recorded if Code 4 and Code 5 have already been recorded.

This data element should be recorded for operative or instrumental delivery of the

baby only. It does not include the removal of the placenta.

Comments: Anaesthetic use may affect the health status of the baby and is an indicator of

obstetric intervention.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Perinatal Data Development Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Birth event—anaesthesia administered, code N

Health, Superseded 07/02/2013

Has been superseded by Birth event—type of anaesthesia administered, code

N[N]

Health, Superseded 03/12/2020

See also Birth event—anaesthesia administered indicator, yes/no code N

Health, Superseded 12/12/2018

Implementation in Data Set Perinatal NMDS 2013-14

Specifications:

Health, Superseded 07/03/2014

Implementation start date: 01/07/2013 Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Conditional obligation:

This data element is to only be reported in cases where anaesthesia was administered to the mother during the birth event.

Perinatal NMDS 2014-18

Health, Superseded 02/08/2017 Implementation start date: 01/07/2014 Implementation end date: 30/06/2018

Conditional obligation:

This data element is to only be reported in cases where anaesthesia was administered to the mother during the birth event.

Perinatal NMDS 2018-19

Health, Superseded 12/12/2018 Implementation start date: 01/07/2018 Implementation end date: 30/06/2019

Conditional obligation:

This data element is to only be reported in cases where anaesthesia was administered to the mother during the birth event.

Implementation in Indicators:

Used as Numerator

National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 09-General anaesthetic for women giving birth by caesarean section (2013)

Health, Superseded 02/02/2016

National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 09—General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2018

Health, Superseded 19/06/2019

National Core Maternity Indicators: P109–General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2019

Health, Superseded 16/09/2020

National Core Maternity Indicators: P109–General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2020

Health, Superseded 17/12/2021

National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 09—General anaesthetic for women giving birth by caesarean section (2016)

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

Used as Denominator

National Core Maternity Indicators: P109–General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2018

Health, Superseded 19/06/2019

National Core Maternity Indicators: PI 09—General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2019

Health, Superseded 16/09/2020

National Core Maternity Indicators: P109–General anaesthetic for females giving birth by caesarean section, 2020

Health, Superseded 17/12/2021