

Person with acute coronary syndrome—pharmacotherapy type taken post discharge from hospital, code N[N]

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Pharmacotherapy type taken for acute coronary syndrome post discharge
METEOR identifier:	344822
Registration status:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health, Standard 01/10/2008
Definition:	The type of pharmacotherapy being taken by a person for the treatment of acute coronary syndrome following discharge from hospital, as represented by a code.
Data Element Concept:	Person with acute coronary syndrome—pharmacotherapy type taken post discharge from hospital

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Code
Data type:	Number
Format:	N[N]
Maximum character length:	2

Permissible values:

Value	Meaning
1	Aspirin
2	Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor
3	Angiotensin II receptor blocker
4	Beta-blocker
5	Clopidogrel
6	Statin

Supplementary values:

Value Meaning

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

CODE 1 Aspirin

Includes: aspirin, astrix, cardiprin, cartia, aspro, disprin and solprin

CODE 2 Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor

Includes: captopril, enalapril, fosinopril, lisinopril, perindopril, quinapril, ramipril and trandolapril

CODE 3 Angiotensin II receptor blocker

Includes: candesartan, eprosartan, irbesartan, losartin and temisartan

CODE 4 Beta-blocker

Includes: atenolol, bisoprolol, carvedilol, esmolol, labetolol, metoprolol, oxprenolol, pindolol, propranolol and sotalol

CODE 5 Clopidogrel

Includes: iscover and plavix

CODE 6 Statin

Includes: atorvastatin, fluvastatin, pravastatin and simvastatin

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

A person may be taking one or more type of medication for acute coronary syndromes (ACS). Therefore more than one code may be recorded.

Collection methods:

Following a person's hospital stay for ACS, follow-up consultations with a clinician may occur at various intervals, such as 3, 6 or 12 months after discharge from hospital. The medications being taken by the person at the time of each follow-up consultation should be recorded.

Comments:

The pharmacotherapies for the treatment of ACS that could be taken post discharge from hospital are different from the types that could be taken during the hospital stay as not all of the pharmacotherapies used for the treatment of ACS are for out of hospital use.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

[Acute coronary syndrome pharmacotherapy data cluster Health](#), Standard 01/10/2008

DSS specific information:

To be provided at the follow-up visit following discharge from the hospital for each of the relevant pharmacotherapy types prescribed.