Body structures



© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AlHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Body structures

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METEOR identifier: 327300

Registration status: Community Services (retired), Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006 Disability, Standard 13/08/2015

Definition: Body structures are anatomical parts of the body such as organs, limbs and their

components.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Body structures are classified according to body systems. Impairments of body

<u>structure</u> can involve anomaly, defect, loss and significant deviation. These are identified by use of the impairment extent, impairment location and impairment

nature codes.

Comments: This glossary term is based on the International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the

National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide

Version 1.0. Canberra: AlHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AlHW 2003) and the following websites

• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/disability/icf/index.html

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Body structures code (ICF 2001) N[NNNN]

Community Services (retired), Superseded 16/10/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS

Community Services (retired), Standard 16/10/2006

Disability, Standard 13/08/2015 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment extent code (ICF 2001) N

Community Services (retired), Superseded 16/10/2006

Person—disability group, child protection code N[N]
Community Services (retired), Recorded 19/08/2011

Person—disability group, code N

Community Services (retired), Standard 01/03/2005