

# Person (name)—given name, text X[X(39)]

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# Person (name)—given name, text X[X(39)]

## Identifying and definitional attributes

<b>Metadata item type:</b>	Data Element
<b>Short name:</b>	Given name(s)
<b>METEOR identifier:</b>	287035
<b>Registration status:</b>	<a href="#">Housing assistance</a> , Standard 20/06/2005 [Non Dictionary] <a href="#">Community Services (retired)</a> , Superseded 06/02/2012 <a href="#">Tasmanian Health</a> , Standard 01/09/2016 <a href="#">Health</a> , Superseded 05/10/2016
<b>Definition:</b>	The person's identifying name within the family group or by which the person is socially identified, as represented by text.
<b>Data Element Concept:</b>	<a href="#">Person (name)—given name</a>
<b>Value Domain:</b>	<a href="#">Text X[X(39)]</a>

## Value domain attributes

### Representational attributes

<b>Representation class:</b>	Text
<b>Data type:</b>	String
<b>Format:</b>	X[X(39)]
<b>Maximum character length:</b>	40

### Source and reference attributes

<b>Submitting organisation:</b>	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
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### Data element attributes

### Collection and usage attributes

**Guide for use:**

A person may have more than one Given name. All given names should be recorded.

The agency or establishment should record the person's full given name(s) on their information systems.

National Community Services Data Dictionary specific:

In instances where there is uncertainty about which name to record for a person living in a remote Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander community, Centrelink follows the practice of recording the Indigenous person's name as it is first provided to Centrelink. In situations where proof of identity is required, the name is that recorded on a majority of the higher point scoring documents that are produced as proof of identity.

National Health Data Dictionary specific:

Each individual Given name should have a Given name sequence number associated with it.

Health care establishments may record given names (first and other given names) in one field or several fields. This metadata item definition applies regardless of the format of data recording.

A full history of names is to be retained.

**Collection methods:**

This metadata item should be recorded for all clients.

Given name(s) should be recorded in the format preferred by the person. The format should be the same as that indicated by the person (for example written on a form) or in the same format as that printed on an identification card, such as Medicare card, to ensure consistent collection of name data.

It is acknowledged that some people use more than one given name (for example formal name, birth name, nickname or shortened name, or tribal name) depending on the circumstances. A person is able to change his or her name by usage in all States and Territories of Australia with the exception of Western Australia, where a person may only change his or her name under the Change of Name Act.

A person should generally be registered using their preferred name as it is more likely to be used in common usage and on subsequent visits to the agency or establishment. The person's preferred name may in fact be their legal (or Medicare card) name. The Person name type metadata item (see Comments) can be used to distinguish between the different types of names that may be used by the person.

The following format may assist with data collection:

What is the given name you would like to be known by?

\_\_\_\_\_

Are you known by any other given names that you would like recorded?

If so, what are they

\_\_\_\_\_

Please indicate the 'type' of given name that is to be recorded:

(a) Medicare card name (if different to preferred name).

(b) Alias (any other name that you are known by).

Whenever a person informs the agency or establishment of a change of given name (for example prefers to be known by their middle name), the former name should be recorded according to the appropriate name type. Do not delete or overwrite a previous given name. For example 'Mary Georgina Smith' informs the hospital that she prefers to be known as 'Georgina'. Record 'Georgina' as her preferred given name and record 'Mary' as the Medicare card given name.

Similarly the establishment is informed that 'Baby of Louise Jones' has been

named 'Mary Jones'. Retain 'Baby of Louise' as the newborn name and also record 'Mary' as the preferred 'Given name'.

Registering an unidentified health care client:

If the person is a health care client and her/his given name is not known record unknown in the 'Given name' field and use alias Name type. When the person's name becomes known, add the actual name as preferred Name type (or other as appropriate). Do not delete or overwrite the alias name of unknown.

Use of first initial:

If the person's given name is not known, but the first letter (initial) of the given name is known, record the first letter in the preferred 'Given name' field. Do not record a full stop following the initial.

Persons with only one name:

Some people do not have a **family** name and a given name: they have only one name by which they are known. If the person has only one name, record it in the 'Family name' field and leave the 'Given name' blank.

Record complete information:

All of the person's given names should be recorded.

Shortened or alternate first given name:

If the person uses a shortened version or an alternate version of their first given name, record their preferred name, the actual name as their Medicare card name and any alternative versions as alias names as appropriate.

Example - The person's given name is Jennifer but she prefers to be called Jenny. Record 'Jenny' as the preferred 'Given name' and 'Jennifer' as her Medicare card name.

Example - The person's given name is 'Giovanni' but he prefers to be called 'John'.

Record 'John' as the preferred 'Given name' and 'Giovanni' as the Medicare card name.

Punctuation:

If special characters form part of the given names they shall be included, e.g. hyphenated names shall be entered with the hyphen.

- Hyphen, for example Anne-Maree, Mary-Jane

Do not leave a space before or after the hyphen, that is between last letter of 'Anne' and the hyphen, nor a space between the hyphen and the first letter of 'Maree'.

- spaces, for example Jean Claude Marcel Moreaux

If the person has recorded their given name as more than one word, displaying spaces in between the words, record their given names in data collection systems in the same way (that is Jean Claude is one given name and Marcel is another given name).

Names not for continued use:

For cultural reasons, a person such as an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander may advise that they are no longer using the given name they previously used and are now using an alternative current name. Record their current name as their preferred given name and record their previously used name as an alias name (with a Name conditional use flag of 'not for continued use').

Composite name:

If a person identifies their first name as being a composite word, both parts should be recorded under the first Given Name (rather than the first and second Given Name).

If 'Anne Marie Walker' notes her preferred Given Name to be 'Anne Marie', then

'Anne Marie' is recoded as (first) Given Name, and (second) Given Name is left blank.

Registering an unnamed newborn baby:

An unnamed (newborn) baby is to be registered using the mother's given name in conjunction with the prefix 'Baby of'. For example, if the baby's mother's given name is Fiona, then record 'Baby of Fiona' in the preferred 'Given name' field for the baby. This name is recorded under the newborn Name type. If a name is subsequently given, record the new name as the preferred given name and retain the newborn name.

Registering unnamed multiple births:

An unnamed (newborn) baby from a multiple birth should use their mother's given name plus a reference to the multiple births. For example, if the baby's mother's given name is 'Fiona' and a set of twins is to be registered, then record 'Twin 1 of Fiona' in the Given name field for the first born baby, and 'Twin 2 of Fiona' in the 'Given name' field of the second born baby. Arabic numbers (1, 2, 3 ...) are used, not Roman Numerals (I, II, III .....).

In the case of triplets or other multiple births the same logic applies. The following terms should be use for recording multiple births:

- Twin:

use Twin, that is Twin 1 of Fiona

- Triplet:

use Trip, that is Trip 1 of Fiona

- Quadruplet:

use Quad, that is Quad 1 of Fiona

- Quintuplet:

use Quin, that is Quin 1 of Fiona

- Sextuplet:

use Sext, that is Sext 1 of Fiona

- Septuplet:

use Sept, that is Sept 1 of Fiona.

These names should be recorded under the newborn Person name type. When the babies are named, the actual names should be recorded as the preferred name. The newborn name is retained.

Ethnic Names:

The Centrelink Naming Systems for Ethnic Groups publication provides the correct coding for ethnic names. Refer to Ethnic Names Condensed Guide for summary information.

Misspelled given names:

If the person's given name has been misspelled in error, update the Given name field with the correct spelling and record the misspelled given name as an Alias name. Recording misspelled names is important for filing documents that may be issued with previous versions of the client's name. Discretion should be used regarding the degree of recording that is maintained.

**Comments:**

Often people use a variety of names, including legal names, married/maiden names, nicknames, assumed names, traditional names, etc. Even small differences in recording - such as the difference between Thomas and Tom - can make Record linkage impossible. To minimise discrepancies in the recording and reporting of name information, agencies or establishments should ask the person for their full (formal) Given name and Family name. These may be different from the name that the person may prefer the agency or establishment workers to use in personal dealings. Agencies or establishments may choose to separately record the preferred name that the person wishes to be used by agency or establishment workers. In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies or establishments should always ask the person to specify their first given name and their family or surname separately. These should then be recorded as Given name and Family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

National Community Services Data Dictionary specific:

Selected letters of the given name in combination with selected letters of the family name, date of birth and sex may be used for [record linkage](#) for statistical purposes only.

National Health Data Dictionary specific:

Health care provider identification DSS and Health care client identification DSS  
For the purpose of positive identification or contact, agencies or establishments that collect Given name should also collect Given name sequence number. Given name sequence number is also a metadata item in Australian Standard AS4846-2004 Health care provider identification and is proposed for inclusion in the review of Australian Standard AS5017-2002 Health care client identification. AS5017 and AS4846 use alternative alphabetic codes for Given name sequence number. Refer to the current standards for more details.

## Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:**

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia

**Origin:**

National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Commonwealth Department of Health and Family Services 1998. Home and Community Care Data Dictionary Version 1.0. Canberra: DHFS

Standards Australia 2002. Australian Standard AS5017-2002 Health Care Client Identification. Sydney: Standards Australia

**Reference documents:**

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney: Standards Australia

## Relational attributes

**Related metadata references:**

- Supersedes [Person \(name\)—given name, text X\[X\(39\)\]](#)  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Superseded 25/08/2005  
[Health](#), Superseded 04/05/2005
- Has been superseded by [Person \(name\)—given name, text X\[X\(39\)\]](#)  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Standard 06/02/2012  
[Disability](#), Standard 13/08/2015  
[Indigenous](#), Standard 05/09/2014
- Has been superseded by [Person—given name, text X\[X\(39\)\]](#)  
[Aged Care](#), Standard 30/06/2023  
[Health](#), Standard 05/10/2016  
[Indigenous](#), Standard 07/04/2024  
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 27/06/2017
- Is used in the formation of [Person—letters of given and family name, text XXXXX](#)  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Standard 14/09/2009  
[Health](#), Superseded 28/04/2016
- Is used in the formation of [Person—letters of given and family name, text XXXXX](#)  
[Health](#), Standard 28/04/2016
- Is used in the formation of [Person—letters of given name, text XX](#)  
[Children and Families](#), Standard 22/11/2016  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Standard 27/03/2007  
[Disability](#), Standard 07/10/2014  
[Early Childhood](#), Standard 21/05/2010  
[Health](#), Standard 07/12/2011  
[Homelessness](#), Standard 23/08/2010  
[Housing assistance](#), Standard 23/08/2010  
[Youth Justice](#), Standard 15/02/2022
- See also [Person \(name\)—family name, text X\[X\(39\)\]](#)  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Superseded 06/02/2012  
[Health](#), Superseded 05/10/2016  
[Housing assistance](#), Standard 20/06/2005  
[Tasmanian Health](#), Standard 01/09/2016

**Implementation in Data Set Specifications:**

- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 07/12/2005
- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 06/03/2009
- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 22/12/2009
- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 07/12/2011
- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 08/05/2014
- [Cancer \(clinical\) DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 14/05/2015
- [Cancer \(clinical\) NBPDS](#)  
[Health](#), Standard 14/05/2015
- [Health care client identification DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 03/12/2008
- [Health care client identification DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Retired 20/03/2013
- [Health care provider identification DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 04/07/2007
- [Health care provider identification DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Superseded 03/12/2008
- [Health care provider identification DSS](#)  
[Health](#), Retired 20/03/2013
- [Home and Community Care MDS 2009](#)  
[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Recorded 16/11/2009
- Implementation start date:** 11/05/2006

***DSS specific information:***

The HACC client's full name is not required for HACC MDS reporting purposes. However, selected letters of the First Given Name (2nd and 3rd), in combination with selected letters of the Family Name/Surname, Date of Birth and Sex are required for record linkage for statistical purposes only (see data element concept Record Linkage).

Comments: No national standards currently exist for appellations. Standards Australia is proposing to develop such standards although no time frame for this development is known as yet.

[National Bowel Cancer Screening Program NBEDS 2014-18](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 06/09/2018

***Implementation start date:*** 01/07/2014

***Implementation end date:*** 30/06/2018

[SAAP Administrative National Minimum Data Set \(NMDS\)](#)

[Community Services \(retired\)](#), Retired 01/07/2011

***DSS specific information:*** Collected for the SAAP agency contact person.

[Specialist Homelessness Establishment Database - SHED](#)

[Housing assistance](#), Recorded 14/10/2010

***DSS specific information:*** This item is collected for an agency contact person.

[Surveillance of healthcare associated infection: Staphylococcus aureus bacteraemia NBPDS](#)

[Health](#), Superseded 09/12/2022

[Tasmanian Demographics Data Set - 2016](#)

[Tasmanian Health](#), Superseded 05/07/2017

***Implementation start date:*** 01/07/2016

***Implementation end date:*** 30/06/2017