Staging scheme source

Identifying and Definitional Attributes

Data Dictionary: NHDD

Knowledgebase ID: 001080   Version number: 1

Metadata type: DATA ELEMENT

Registration Authority: NHIMG   Admin status: SUPERSEDED

Effective date: 01-MAR-05

Definition: The staging scheme source is the reference which describes in detail the methods of staging and the definitions for the classification system used in determining the extent of cancer at the time of diagnosis.

Context: For survival analysis adjusted by stage at diagnosis and distribution of cancer cases by type and stage.

Relational and Representational Attributes

Datatype: Numeric

Representational form: CODE

Representation layout: N

Minimum Size:

Maximum Size: 1

Data Domain:
1	TNM Classification of Malignant Tumours (UICC)
2	Durie & Salmon for multiple myeloma staging
3	FAB for leukaemia classification
4	Australian Clinico-Pathological Staging (ACPS) System
8	other
9	unknown

Guide For Use: It is recommended that the TNM Manual of the UICC be used whenever it is applicable. The classifications published in the American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC) Cancer Staging Manual are identical to the TNM classifications of the UICC. TNM is not applicable to all tumour sites. Staging is of limited use in acute leukaemias, although a staging system is used for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia. Separate staging systems exist for

lymphomas and myeloma. The recently published NHMRC Guidelines for the prevention, early detection and management of colorectal cancer (CRC) support the use of the Australian Clinico-Pathological Staging (ACPS) System. A table of correspondences between ACPS and TNM classifications is available.
The current edition of each staging scheme should be used.

Related metadata: relates to the data element Cancer staging - TNM stage grouping code version 1
is used in conjunction with Staging scheme source edition number version 1

Administrative Attributes

Source Document: UICC TNM Classification of Malignant Tumours (5th Edition) (1997)
Durie BGM, Salmon SE. A clinical staging system for multiple myeloma correlation of measured myeloma cell mass with presenting clinical features, response to treatment and survival. Cancer 36:842-54 (1975).
Bennett JM, Catovsky D, Daniel MT, Flandrin G, Galton DA, Gralnick HR, Sultan C. Proposed revised criteria for the classification of acute myeloid leukemia: a report of the French-American-British Cooperative Group. Ann Intern Med 103(4): 620-625 (1985).
Cheson BD, Cassileth PA, Head DR, Schiffer CA, Bennett JM, Bloomfield CD, Brunning R, gale RP, Grever MR, Keating MJ, et al. Report of the National Cancer Institute-sponsored workshop on definitions of diagnosis and response in acute myeloid leukemia. J Clin Oncol 8(5): 813-819 (1990).
Davis NC, Newland RC. The reporting of colorectal cancer: the Australian Clinicopathological Staging system. Aust NZ J Surg 52:395-397 (1982).
Public Health Division NSW Clinical Cancer Data Collectionfor Outcomes and Quality. Data Dictionary Version 1 Sydney NSW Health Dept (2001).
NHMRC Guidelines for the prevention, early detection and management of colorectal cancer (CRC) (1999)).

Source Organisation: International Union Against Cancer (UICC).
FAB (French-American-British) Group.
NSW Health Department.
National Health & Medical Research Council.
Clinical Oncological Society of Australia.
Australian Cancer Network.

Data Element Links

Information Model Entities linked to this Data Element

NHIM   Assessment event

Data Agreements which include this Data Element

DSS - Cancer (clinical)   From 04-Jun-04 to