
Congenital malformations - ICD-9-CM code

Important note: This is an archived metadata standard from the AIHW Knowledgebase. For current metadata standards and related information please access METeOR, the AIHW's Metadata Online Registry at <http://meteor.aihw.gov.au>

Identifying and Definitional Attributes

Data Dictionary: NHDD
Knowledgebase ID: 000030 Version number: 1
Metadata type: DATA ELEMENT
Registration Authority: NHIMG Admin status: SUPERSEDED
Effective date: 30-JUN-99
Definition: Structural abnormalities (including deformations) that are present at birth and diagnosed prior to separation from care.
Context: Institutional health care: required to monitor trends in the reported incidence of congenital malformations, to detect new drug and environmental teratogens, to analyse possible causes in epidemiological studies, and to determine survival rates and the utilisation of paediatric services.

Relational and Representational Attributes

Datatype: Alphanumeric
Representational form: CODE
Representation layout: NNNNN
Minimum Size: 5
Maximum Size: 5
Data Domain: NOVAL ICD-9-CM
Guide For Use: Coding to the disease classification of ICD-9-CM is the preferred method of coding admitted patients. However, for the perinatal data collection, the use of BPA is preferred as this is more detailed.(see 'Congenital malformations - BPA classification').

Although this data element has been superseded by Congenital malformations - ICD-10-AM code, Version 2, it remains an acceptable interim standard (until 30 June 1999) for use by those States and Territories that will not be implementing ICD-10-AM on 1 July 1998.

Related metadata: is used in conjunction with Neonatal morbidity - ICD-9-CM code version 1

