Language code NN

Exported from METEOR

(AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY 4.0 (CC BY 4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website’s material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

# Language code NN

|  |
| --- |
| Identifying and definitional attributes |
| Metadata item type: | Value Domain |
| METEOR identifier: | 270824 |
| Registration status: | [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 08/02/2006 |
| Definition: | A code set representing languages. |

|  |
| --- |
| Representational attributes |
| Representation class: | Code |
| Data type: | String |
| Format: | NN |
| Maximum character length: | 2 |
|   | **Value** | **Meaning** |
| Permissible values: | 00 | Afrikaans |
|   | 01 | Albanian |
|   | 02 | Alyawarr (Alyawarra) |
|   | 03 | Arabic (including Lebanese) |
|   | 04 | Armenian |
|   | 05 | Arrernte (Aranda) |
|   | 06 | Assyrian (including Aramaic) |
|   | 07 | Australian Indigenous languages, not elsewhere classified |
|   | 08 | Bengali |
|   | 09 | Bisaya |
|   | 10 | Bosnian |
|   | 11 | Bulgarian |
|   | 12 | Burarra |
|   | 13 | Burmese |
|   | 14 | Cantonese |
|   | 15 | Cebuano |
|   | 16 | Croatian |
|   | 17 | Czech |
|   | 18 | Danish |
|   | 19 | English |
|   | 20 | Estonian |
|   | 21 | Fijian |
|   | 22 | Finnish |
|   | 23 | French |
|   | 24 | German |
|   | 25 | Gilbertese |
|   | 26 | Greek |
|   | 27 | Gujarati |
|   | 28 | Hakka |
|   | 29 | Hebrew |
|   | 30 | Hindi |
|   | 31 | Hmong |
|   | 32 | Hokkien |
|   | 33 | Hungarian |
|   | 34 | Indonesian |
|   | 35 | Irish |
|   | 36 | Italian |
|   | 37 | Japanese |
|   | 38 | Kannada |
|   | 39 | Khmer |
|   | 40 | Korean |
|   | 41 | Kriol |
|   | 42 | Kuurinji (Gurindji) |
|   | 43 | Lao |
|   | 44 | Latvian |
|   | 45 | Lithuanian |
|   | 46 | Macedonian |
|   | 47 | Malay |
|   | 48 | Maltese |
|   | 49 | Mandarin |
|   | 50 | Mauritian Creole |
|   | 51 | Netherlandic |
|   | 52 | Norwegian |
|   | 53 | Persian |
|   | 54 | Pintupi |
|   | 55 | Pitjantjatjara |
|   | 56 | Polish |
|   | 57 | Portuguese |
|   | 58 | Punjabi |
|   | 59 | Romanian |
|   | 60 | Russian |
|   | 61 | Samoan |
|   | 62 | Serbian |
|   | 63 | Sinhalese |
|   | 64 | Slovak |
|   | 65 | Slovene |
|   | 66 | Somali |
|   | 67 | Spanish |
|   | 68 | Swahili |
|   | 69 | Swedish |
|   | 70 | Tagalog (Filipino) |
|   | 71 | Tamil |
|   | 72 | Telugu |
|   | 73 | Teochew |
|   | 74 | Thai |
|   | 75 | Timorese |
|   | 76 | Tiwi |
|   | 77 | Tongan |
|   | 78 | Turkish |
|   | 79 | Ukranian |
|   | 80 | Urdu |
|   | 81 | Vietnamese |
|   | 82 | Walmajarri (Walmadjari) |
|   | 83 | Warlpiri |
|   | 84 | Welsh |
|   | 85 | Wik-Mungkan |
|   | 86 | Yiddish |
|   | 95 | Other languages, not further defined |
|   | 97 | Non verbal, so described (including sign languages e.g. Auslan, Makaton) |
| Supplementary values: | 96 | Inadequately described |
|   | 98  | Not stated  |

|  |
| --- |
| Collection and usage attributes |
| Guide for use: | The classification used in this metadata item is a modified two-digit level version of the ABS classification: Australian Standard Classification of Languages (ASCL).CODE 07     Australian Indigenous languages, not elsewhere classifiedAll Australian Indigenous languages not shown separately on the code list are to be coded to 07.CODE 96     Inadequately describedThis code should be used where some information, but insufficient, is provided.CODE 97     Non verbal, so described (including sign languages e.g. Auslan, Makaton)All non-verbal means of communication, including sign languages, are to be coded to 97.CODE 98     Not statedThis code is to be used when no information is provided. |
| Collection Methods: | This information may be collected in a variety of ways. It may be collected by using a predetermined shortlist of languages that are most likely to be encountered from the above code list accompanied by an open text field for 'Other language' or by using an open ended question that allows for recording of the language nominated by the person. Regardless of the method used for data collection the language nominated should be coded using the above ABS codes. |
| Comments: | The ABS has developed a detailed four-digit language classification of 193 language units which was used in the 1996 Census. Although it is preferable to use the classification at a four-digit level, the requirements of administrative collections have been recognised and the ABS has developed a classification of 86 languages at a two-digit level from those most frequently spoken in Australia. Mapping of this two-digit running code system to the four-digit ASCL is available from ABS. The classification used in this metadata item is a modified version of the two-digit level ABS classification. The National Health Data Committee (NHDC) considered that the grouping of languages by geographic region was not useful in administrative settings. Thus this metadata item includes an alphabetical listing of the 86 languages from the ABS two-digit level classification with only one code for Other languages, not further defined. By removing the geographic groupings from the classification, information about the broad geographic region of languages that are not specifically coded is lost. However, the NHDC considered that the benefits to data collectors gained from simplifying the code listing outweighed this disadvantage. |

|  |
| --- |
| Source and reference attributes |
| Reference documents: | Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 1997. Australian Standard Classification of Languages (ASCL). Cat. no. 1267.0. Canberra: ABS |

|  |
| --- |
| Relational attributes  |
| Related metadata references: | Has been superseded by [Language code (ASCL 2005) NN{NN}](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/304116)       [Community Services (retired)](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/1), Superseded 13/10/2011       [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 13/10/2011       [Housing assistance](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/11), Standard 10/02/2006 |
| Data elements implementing this value domain: | [Person—preferred language, code NN](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/270307)       [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 08/02/2006 |