# Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status, code N

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# Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status, code N

# Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

**Short name:** Premature cardiovascular disease family history (status)

METEOR identifier: 270280

Registration status: Health, Superseded 01/10/2008

**Definition:** Whether a person has a first degree relative (father, mother or sibling) who has had

a vascular event or condition diagnosed before the age of 60 years, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status

Value Domain: Family history code N

### Value domain attributes

# Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Value Meaning

Permissible values: 1 Yes

2 No

3 Family history status not known

**Supplementary values:** 9 Not recorded

#### Data element attributes

## Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1: Yes, the person has a first-degree relative under the age of 60 years

who has had a vascular disease/condition diagnosed.

CODE 2: No, the person does not have a first-degree relative under the age of

60 years who has had a vascular disease/condition diagnosed.

CODE 3: Family history status not known, the existence of a premature family

history for cardiovascular disease cannot be determined.

CODE 9: Not recorded, the information as to the existence of a premature family

history for cardiovascular disease has not been recorded.

#### Source and reference attributes

**Submitting organisation:** Cardiovascular Data Working Group

Origin: Guidelines Subcommittee of the World Health Organization/International Society of

Hypertension (WHO-ISH): 1999 WHO-ISH guidelines for management of

hypertension. J Hypertension 1999; 17: 151 - 83.

#### Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Has been superseded by Person—premature cardiovascular disease family

history status, code N

Health, Standard 01/10/2008

Is re-engineered from Premature cardiovascular disease family history - status,

version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.5 KB)

No registration status

**Specifications:** 

Implementation in Data Set Acute coronary syndrome (clinical) DSS

Health, Superseded 07/12/2005

Acute coronary syndrome (clinical) DSS Health, Superseded 01/10/2008

Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS

Health, Superseded 15/02/2006

DSS specific information: Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations.

Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS

Health, Superseded 04/07/2007

DSS specific information: Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations.

Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS

Health, Superseded 22/12/2009

**DSS specific information:** Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations.