Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status, code N

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# Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status, code N

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| Identifying and definitional attributes | |
| Metadata item type: | Data Element |
| Short name: | Premature cardiovascular disease family history (status) |
| METEOR identifier: | 270280 |
| Registration status: | [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 01/10/2008 |
| Definition: | Whether a person has a first degree relative (father, mother or sibling) who has had a vascular event or condition diagnosed before the age of 60 years, as represented by a code. |
| Data Element Concept: | [Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/269723) |
| Value Domain: | [Family history code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/270809) |

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| Value domain attributes | | |
| Representational attributes | | |
| Representation class: | Code | |
| Data type: | Number | |
| Format: | N | |
| Maximum character length: | 1 | |
|  | **Value** | **Meaning** |
| Permissible values: | 1 | Yes |
|  | 2 | No |
|  | 3 | Family history status not known |
| Supplementary values: | 9 | Not recorded |



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| Data element attributes | |
| Collection and usage attributes | |
| Guide for use: | CODE 1:     Yes, the person has a first-degree relative under the age of 60 years who has had a vascular disease/condition diagnosed.  CODE 2:     No, the person does not have a first-degree relative under the age of 60 years who has had a vascular disease/condition diagnosed.  CODE 3:     Family history status not known, the existence of a premature family history for cardiovascular disease cannot be determined.  CODE 9:     Not recorded, the information as to the existence of a premature family history for cardiovascular disease has not been recorded. |
| Source and reference attributes | |
| Submitting organisation: | Cardiovascular Data Working Group |
| Origin: | Guidelines Subcommittee of the World Health Organization/International Society of Hypertension (WHO-ISH): 1999 WHO-ISH guidelines for management of hypertension. J Hypertension 1999; 17: 151 - 83. |
| Relational attributes | |
| Related metadata references: | Has been superseded by [Person—premature cardiovascular disease family history status, code N](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/359398)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 01/10/2008  Is re-engineered from  [Premature cardiovascular disease family history - status, version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/273673)  (15.5 KB)  *No registration status* |
| Implementation in Data Set Specifications: | [Acute coronary syndrome (clinical) DSS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/285277)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 07/12/2005  [Acute coronary syndrome (clinical) DSS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/319741)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 01/10/2008  [Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/273052)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 15/02/2006  ***DSS specific information:*** Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations.  [Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/348289)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 04/07/2007  ***DSS specific information:*** Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations.  [Cardiovascular disease (clinical) DSS](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/353668)  [Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Superseded 22/12/2009  ***DSS specific information:*** Having a family history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) is a risk factor for CVD and the risk increases if the event in the family member occurs at a young age. For vascular risk assessment a premature family history is considered to be present where a first-degree relative under age 60 years (woman or man) has had a vascular event/condition diagnosed. The evidence of family history being a strong risk factor for stroke only applies to certain limited stroke subtypes in certain populations. |