Delirium clinical care standard indicators: 6b-Proportion of patients with delirium who experienced dehydration, malnutrition, a fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury, or a pressure injury during their hospital stay



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Delirium clinical care standard indicators: 6b-Proportion of patients with delirium who experienced dehydration, malnutrition, a fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury, or a pressure injury during their hospital stay

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

Short name: 6b-Proportion of patients with delirium who experienced dehydration, malnutrition,

a fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury, or a pressure injury during their

hospital stay

METEOR identifier: 745824

Registration status: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 09/09/2021

Description: Proportion of patients with delirium who experienced dehydration, malnutrition, a

fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury, or a pressure injury during their

hospital stay.

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: delirium 2021

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard

09/09/2021

Collection and usage attributes

Computation description:

For the numerator and denominator identify patients with delirium using the ICD codes specified in the <u>Hospital-Acquired Complications</u> (HACs) <u>List - Specifications</u>, worksheet 1, where complication group = 11. Delirium.

For the numerator include separations that meet the coding criteria for dehydration, malnutrition, fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury and pressure injury (stage III, IV, unspecified, unstageable pressure injury and suspected) acquired in hospital (Table A). Use Episode of admitted patient care—condition onset flag, code N to identify whether a diagnosis occurred during the episode of admitted patient care.

Table A: Numerator criteria

Diagnosis	ICD-10-AM (7 th to 11 th editions)	Additional requirement(s)
	diagnosis codes	
Dehydration	E86: Volume depletion	Condition identified as having occurred during episode of admitted patient care

Fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury	All ICD codes listed in Hospital-Acquired Complications (HACs) List - Specifications, worksheet 1. HACs list, where • Complication group = 2. Falls resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury	Condition identified as having occurred during episode of admitted patient care AND any external cause code of (falls): W01x,W03, W04, W05, W061, W062, W063, W064, W066, W068, W069, W07x, W08x, W10x, W130, W131, W132, W135, W138, W139, W18x, W19
Malnutrition	All ICD codes listed in Hospital-Acquired Complications (HACs) List - Specifications, worksheet 1. HACs list, where • Complication group = 13. Endocrine complications, and • Diagnosis group = 13.1 Malnutrition	Condition identified as having occurred during episode of admitted patient care
Pressure injury	All ICD codes listed in Hospital-Acquired Complications (HACs) List - Specifications, worksheet 1. HACs list, where • Complication group = 1. Pressure injury	Condition identified as having occurred during episode of admitted patient care

Presented as a percentage.

Computation: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

Numerator: The number of patients with delirium who experienced dehydration, malnutrition, a

fall resulting in fracture or other intracranial injury, or a pressure injury during their

hospital stay.

Denominator: The number of patients with delirium.

Comments: This indicator is based on the Key Principles for Care of Confused Hospitalised

Older Persons (ACI, 2014).

Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type:RealUnit of measure:PersonFormat:N[NN]

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Reference documents:

Agency for Clinical Innovation. Key Principles for Care of Confused Hospitalised Older Persons. Sydney: ACI, 2014.

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care. Delirium Clinical Care Standard. Sydney: ACSQHC; 2021.