# Management of Peripheral Intravenous Catheters Clinical Care Standard: 09-Proportion of patients with a PIVC in situ who have been assessed in the last 24 hours to determine the ongoing need for their PIVC



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## Management of Peripheral Intravenous Catheters Clinical Care Standard: 09-Proportion of patients with a PIVC in situ who have been assessed in the last 24 hours to determine the ongoing need for their PIVC

## Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Indicator Indicator type: Indicator

**Short name:** 9-Proportion of patients with a PIVC in situ who have been assessed in the last 24

hours to determine the ongoing need for their PIVC

METEOR identifier: 735087

Registration status: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard 25/05/2021

**Description:** The proportion of patients with a PIVC in situ who have been assessed in the last

24 hours to determine the ongoing need for their PIVC.

Rationale: The need for a PIVC should be regularly reviewed and the PIVC promptly removed

if it is are no longer needed.

Indicator set: Clinical care standard indicators: Management of Peripheral Intravenous Catheters

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Standard

25/05/2021

## Collection and usage attributes

Population group age

from:

All ages

Computation description: The numerator and denominator include patients with a PVC in situ with a dwell

time ≥ 24 hours. Time of last assessment must be documented in the patient's

medical record.

Presented as a percentage.

**Computation:** (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100

**Numerator:** The number of patients with a PMC in situ who have been assessed in the last 24

hours to determine the ongoing need for their PMC.

**Denominator:** The number of patients with a PIVC in situ.

## Representational attributes

Representation class: Percentage

Data type: Real
Unit of measure: Person
Format: N[NN]

### Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

#### Reference documents:

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care 2021. Peripheral Venous Access clinical care standard. Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care, Sydney.

Schults JA, Kleidon T, Chopra C, et al. International recommendations for a vascular access minimum data set: A Delphi consensus-building study. 2020. BMJ Quality & Safety.