

Patient—sedation received indicator, yes/no code N

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Patient—sedation received indicator, yes/no code N

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element
Short name:	Sedation received indicator
METEOR identifier:	695923
Registration status:	Health , Standard 06/09/2018
Definition:	An indicator of whether a patient has received sedation from a qualified health professional, as represented by a code.
Data Element Concept:	Patient—sedation received indicator
Value Domain:	Yes/no code N

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:	Code	
Data type:	Boolean	
Format:	N	
Maximum character length:	1	
	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	1	Yes
	2	No

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
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Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:	CODE 1	Yes
	To be recorded when a patient has received sedation.	
	CODE 2	No
	To be recorded when a patient has not received sedation.	

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
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Relational attributes

**Related metadata
references:**

Supersedes [Patient—sedation received indicator, yes/no code N
Health](#), Superseded 06/09/2018

See also [Patient—sedation type, code N
Health](#), Standard 06/09/2018

See also [Patient—sedation type, code N
Health](#), Superseded 06/09/2018

See also [Patient—type of health professional who administers sedation, bowel
cancer diagnostic assessment code N
Health](#), Standard 06/09/2018

See also [Patient—type of health professional who administers sedation, bowel
cancer diagnostic assessment code N
Health](#), Superseded 06/09/2018

DSS specific information:

The level of sedation used should comply with Australian and New Zealand College of Anaesthetists (ANZCA) standards (ANZCA 2014). The level of sedation used should generally be related to the risk of complications for each individual patient as documented in the pre-procedure patient assessment. Further, deep sedation and general anaesthesia may only be used in the presence of an anaesthetist or other appropriately trained and credentialed medical specialist within his/her scope of practice. Nonanaesthetist medical staff require adequate training in the safe and correct usage of sedation equipment and drugs, and in the management and monitoring of sedated patients in accordance with the guidelines.

Reference:

ANZCA 2014. Guidelines on Sedation and/or Analgesia for Diagnostic and Interventional Medical, Dental or Surgical Procedures. Viewed 16 April 2018, <http://www.anzca.edu.au/documents/ps09-2014-guidelines-on-sedation-and-or-analgesia>

[Bowel cancer diagnostic assessment cluster](#)
Health, Superseded 17/12/2021

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Reference:

ANZCA 2014. Guidelines on Sedation and/or Analgesia for Diagnostic and Interventional Medical, Dental or Surgical Procedures. Viewed 14 October 2021, <https://www.anzca.edu.au/resources/professional-documents/guidelines/ps09-guidelines-sedation-analgesia-for-diagnostic>