Heavy menstrual bleeding

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# Heavy menstrual bleeding

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| Identifying and definitional attributes |
| Metadata item type: | Glossary Item |
| METEOR identifier: | 667292 |
| Registration status: | [Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/18), Standard 28/08/2018[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018 |
| Definition: | Heavy menstrual bleeding is excessive menstrual blood loss which interferes with a person's physical, emotional, social and material quality of life, and which can occur alone or in combination with other symptoms (National Institute for Health and Care Excellence 2016). |

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| Source and reference attributes |
| Submitting organisation: | Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care |
| Reference documents: | NICE (National Institute for Health and Care Excellence) 2016. Heavy menstrual bleeding: assessment and management. Clinical guideline (update). London: NICE. Viewed 15 June 2016, <https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg44/resources/heavy-menstrual-bleeding-assessment-and-management-975447024325>. |
| Relational attributes |
| Metadata items which use this glossary item: | [Clinical care standard indicators: heavy menstrual bleeding](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/666572)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 1-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding who are tested for iron deficiency and anaemia](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667295)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 2-Local arrangements for the provision of consumer-focused information about heavy menstrual bleeding](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667300)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 3-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding who are offered pharmaceutical treatment](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667302)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 4a-Local arrangements for conducting investigative pelvic ultrasound in days 5–10 of the menstrual cycle for patients with heavy menstrual bleeding](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667306)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 4b-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding who have appropriate reporting following an investigative pelvic ultrasound](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667308)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 5a-Local arrangements for referral of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding for insertion of a levonorgestrel-releasing intra-uterine system](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667313)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 5b-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding who are deemed clinically suitable for a levonorgestrel-releasing intra-uterine system and have one inserted or are referred for insertion](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667319)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 6-Local arrangements to ensure timely and appropriate referral to a specialist for patients with heavy menstrual bleeding](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667329)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 7-Proportion of patients with heavy menstrual bleeding of benign cause(s) who are offered uterine-preserving alternatives to hysterectomy](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667334)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018[Heavy menstrual bleeding clinical care standard indicators: 9-Local arrangements to measure and act upon patient-reported outcomes related to heavy menstrual bleeding](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/667349)[Health](https://meteor.aihw.gov.au/RegistrationAuthority/12), Standard 17/10/2018 |