Person—geographic remoteness, classification (ASGS-RA) N

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Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Short name: Geographic remoteness

Synonymous names: Geographic remoteness of person

METEOR identifier: 569240

Registration status: Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

Definition: The remoteness of a location at which a person lives, based on the physical road

distance to the nearest urban centre and its population size, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—geographic remoteness

Value Domain: Remoteness classification (ASGS-RA) N

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N
Maximum character length: 1

	Value	Meaning
Permissible values:	1	Major cities of Australia
	2	Inner regional Australia
	3	Outer regional Australia
	4	Remote Australia
	5	Very remote Australia
	6	Migratory
Supplementary values:	9	Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Major cities of Australia

'Major cities of Australia' includes Statistical Area Level 1s (SA1s) with an average Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA+) index value of 0 to 0.2.

CODE 2 Inner regional Australia

'Inner regional Australia' includes SA1s with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 0.2 and less than or equal to 2.4.

CODE 3 Outer regional Australia

'Outer regional Australia' includes SA1s with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 2.4 and less than or equal to 5.92.

CODE 4 Remote Australia

'Remote Australia' includes SA1s with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 5.92 and less than or equal to 10.53.

CODE 5 Very remote Australia

'Very remote Australia' includes SA1s with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 10.53.

CODE 6 Migratory

'Migratory' is composed of off-shore, shipping and migratory SA1s.

Collection methods: In this value domain, physical distance is defined in terms of ARIA+ codes, rather

than a simple linear distance between points.

The list of permissible values for this value domain, i.e. codes 1 to 6, is intended to be directly mappable to the values used by the ABS to describe remoteness areas,

i.e. codes 0 to 5.

Comments: In its initial form, as developed by the National Centre for Social Applications of

Geographic Information Centres (now located within the Australian Population and Migration Research Centre) and the then Department of Health and Aged Care in 1999, ARIA scores ranged from 0 to 12 and were based on proximity to 4 points of

reference.

A new version, ARIA+, was introduced in 2003, with ARIA+ scores now based on proximity to 5 points of reference. Also, changes were made to account for Tasmania's unique status as an island state, and to increase accuracy for

locations at the urban fringe.

Prior to 2011, ARIA+ scores were calculated for individual Census Collection Districts (CCDs). Following the phasing out of the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) and the introduction of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) by the ABS in 2011, ARIA+ scores are

now calculated for individual Statistical Area Level 1s (SA1s).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Publications detailing the ASGS remoteness classification are available free of

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

charge from the ABS website:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2013. 1270.055.005 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 5 - Remoteness Structure, July 2011.

Viewed 15 July 2013,

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/

1270.0.55.005July%202011?OpenDocument

Steward:

Reference documents: Information relating to the development of the ARIA and ARIA+ scores by the

National Centre for Social Applications of Geographic Information Systems

(GISCA) is available from the APMRC website:

Australian Population and Migration Research Centre (APMRC) 2013. ARIA

(Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia). Viewed 15 July 2013,

http://www.adelaide.edu.au/apmrc/research/projects/

category/about aria.html

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The remoteness classification of an entity can be derived using characteristics of

its physical location, e.g. its postcode or other address details.

The remoteness classification (RA1 to RA5) can be found by entering the postcode

or other address details of the person's residence into the Commonwealth

Department of Health's Remoteness area locator, available on the DoctorConnect

website. The website can be accessed via the following link:

http://www.doctorconnect.gov.au/internet/otd/Publishing.nsf/

Content/locator

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Commonwealth Department of Health 2014. DoctorConnect. Viewed 23 April

2014,

http://www.doctorconnect.gov.au/internet/otd/Publishing.nsf/

Content/locator

Relational attributes

Related metadata

references:

Has been superseded by Person—geographic remoteness, classification (ASGS-

RA) N

Health, Standard 06/09/2018

Specifications:

Implementation in Data Set National Bowel Cancer Screening Program NBEDS 2014-18

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

Implementation start date: 01/07/2014 Implementation end date: 30/06/2018

Implementation in Indicators:

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI01-Participation rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 02-Screening positivity rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 03-Diagnostic assessment rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 04-Time between positive screen and diagnostic assessment

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 05a-Adenoma detection rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 05b-Positive predictive value of diagnostic assessment for detecting adenoma

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 06a-Colorectal cancer detection rate

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 06b-Positive predictive value of diagnostic assessment for detecting colorectal cancer

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 07-Interval cancer rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 08-Cancer clinico-pathological stage distribution

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 09-Adverse events (hospital admission rate)

Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: Pl 10-Colorectal cancer incidence rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Bowel Cancer Screening Program: PI 11-Colorectal cancer mortality rate Health, Superseded 06/09/2018

National Healthcare Agreement: PI 02-Incidence of selected cancers, 2015

Health, Superseded 08/07/2016

National Healthcare Agreement: PI 02–Incidence of selected cancers, 2016 Health, Superseded 31/01/2017

National Healthcare Agreement: PI 02–Incidence of selected cancers, 2017
Health, Superseded 30/01/2018

National Healthcare Agreement: PI 02–Incidence of selected cancers, 2018 Health, Superseded 19/06/2019

National Healthcare Agreement: PI 02—Incidence of selected cancers, 2019 Health, Superseded 13/03/2020