Person—Clinical type of dementia

Exported from METEOR (AIHW's Metadata Online Registry)

© Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2024

This product, excluding the AIHW logo, Commonwealth Coat of Arms and any material owned by a third party or protected by a trademark, has been released under a Creative Commons BY4.0 (CC BY4.0) licence. Excluded material owned by third parties may include, for example, design and layout, images obtained under licence from third parties and signatures. We have made all reasonable efforts to identify and label material owned by third parties.

You may distribute, remix and build on this website's material but must attribute the AIHW as the copyright holder, in line with our attribution policy. The full terms and conditions of this licence are available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

Enquiries relating to copyright should be addressed to info@aihw.gov.au.

Enquiries or comments on the METEOR metadata or download should be directed to the METEOR team at meteor@aihw.gov.au.

Person—Clinical type of dementia

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type:	Data Element Concept
METEOR identifier:	424482
Registration status:	Health, Standard 05/10/2022
Definition:	The type of dementia a person has been clinically diagnosed with.

Object Class attributes

Identifying and definitional attributes

Object class:	<u>Person</u>
Definition:	A human being.

Collection and usage attributes

be ed de of an Ge	or to 13 March 2018, the definition of the 'Person' Object class was 'A human ing, whether man, woman or child'. From 13 March 2018, the definition was ited by removing the words 'whether man, woman or child' so that a person is fined as 'A human being'. This amendment was undertaken to align the definition a person with the <i>Australian Government Guidelines on the Recognition of Sex</i> <i>d Gender</i> and the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Standard for Sex and <i>ender Variables</i> , which recognise that there are sex and gender types that are t exclusively male or female.
----------------------------------	--

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Origin:	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Macquarie University 2003. <i>The Macquarie Dictionary 3rd ed.</i> Sydney: The Macquarie Library Pty. Ltd
Reference documents:	Attorney-General's Department 2015. Australian Government Guidelines on the Recognition of Sex and Gender. Viewed 26 July 2016, <u>https://www.ag.gov.au/Publications/Pages/</u> <u>AustralianGovernmentGuidelines</u> <u>ontheRecognitionofSexandGender.aspx</u>
	ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) 2016. Standard for Sex and Gender Variables, 2016. ABS Cat. no. 1200.0.55.012. Canberra: ABS. Viewed 26 July 2016, <u>http://abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/</u> Lookup/1200.0.55.012 Main+Features12016?OpenDocument

Property attributes

Identifying and definitional attributes

Property:	Clinically-reported dementia type
Definition:	The type of dementia that has been diagnosed and reported by a clinician.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element concept attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Elements implementing this Data Element Concept: Person—clinical type of dementia, code NN Health, Standard 05/10/2022