Given name

Important note: This is an archived metadata standard from the AIHW Knowledgebase. For current metadata standards and related information please access METeOR, the AIHW's Metadata Online Registry at http://meteor.aihw.gov.au

Identifying and Definitional Attributes

Data Dictionary: NCSDD

Knowledgebase ID: 000571 Version number: 1

Metadata type: DATA ELEMENT

Registration NCSIMG Admin status: SUPERSEDED

Authority: Effective date: 02-SEP-03

Definition: The name given to a which is that person's identifying name within

the family group, or the name by which the person is socially

identified.

Context: Data linkage, administrative purposes and individual identification.

Selected letters of the Given name in combination with selected letters of the Family name, Date of birth and Sex may be used for Record linkage for statistical purposes only (see data concept Record

linkage).

Relational and Representational Attributes

Datatype: Alphabetic

Representational TEXT

form:

Representation AAAAA

layout:

Minimum Size: 1 Maximum Size:

Data Domain: NOVAL (name)

Guide For Use: The agency should record the client's full Given name on their

information systems. The field length for this data element is at

the discretion of information system designers.

In instances where there is uncertainty about which name to record for a person living in a remote Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander community, Centrelink follows the practice of recording the indigenous person's name as it is first provided to Centrelink. Or, where proof of identity is required, as the name is recorded on a majority of the higher point scoring documents that are

produced as proof of identity.

Collection Methods: This data element should be recorded for all clients.

Often people use a variety of names, including legal names, married/maiden names, nicknames, assumed names, traditional names, etc. Even small differences in recording - such as the difference between Thomas and Tom - can make Record linkage impossible. To minimise discrepancies in the recording and reporting of name information, agencies should ask the person for their full (formal) Given name and Family name. These may be different from the name that the person may prefer the agency workers to use in personal dealings. Agencies may choose to separately record the preferred name that the person wishes to be used by agency workers.

In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies should always ask the person to specify their first given name and their family or surname separately. These should then be recorded as Given name and Family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

Related metadata: relates to the data element Family name version 1 relates to the data element Date of birth version 1 relates to the data element Record linkage version 2

has been superseded by Int. NCSDD & NHDD Given name(s)

version 2

Administrative Attributes

Source Document: HACC Data Dictionary Version 1.0, 1998 and Australian Standard

Interchange of Client Information AS 4590-1999

Source Organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia

Data Element Links

Information Model Entities linked to this Data Element

NCSIM Other person characteristic

Data Agreements which include this Data Element